

The Tamil Nadu State Housing Board Act, 1961

Act 17 of 1961

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Betterment Fee, Housing Board Engineer, Housing or Improvement Scheme, Land, Premises, Secretary, Tribunal

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THE TAMIL NADU STATE HOUSING BOARD ACT, 1971.

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1[TAMIL NADU] ACT NO. 17 OF 19612.

THE 1 [TAMIL NADU] STATE HOUSING BOARD ACT, 1961,

[Received the assent of the President on the 6th April 1961; first published in the Fort St. George Gazette 12th April 1961 (Chaitra 22, 1883).]

An Act to provide for the execution of housing and improvement schemes, for the establishment of a State Housing Board and for certain other matters.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the execution of housing and improvement schemes, for the establishment of a State Housing Board and for certain other matters hereinafter appearing;

BE it enacted in the Twelfth Year of Republic of India as follows:--

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Act may be called the '[Tamil Nadu] State Short title, Housing Board Act, 1961. extent and commence-

(2) It extends to the whole of the ³[State of Tamil Nadu]. ment.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Government may, by notification, appoint; and different dates may be appointed for different areas.

¹ These words were substituted for the word "Magras" by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1969, as amended by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws (Second Amendment) Order, 1969.

² For Statement of Objects and Reasons, see Fort St. George Gazette Extraordinary, dated the 22nd August 1960, Part IV—Section 3, pages 92 and 93.

^a This expression was substituted for the expression "State of Madras" by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1969, as amended by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws (Second Amendment) Order, 1969

Definitions:

- 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—
- (1) "betterment fee" means the fee declared to be payable under section 73 in respect of an increase in the value of land resulting from the execution of a housing or improvement scheme;
- (2)"Board" means the ¹[Tamil Nadu State Housing Board] constituted under section 3;
- (3) "Board premises" means any premises belonging to, or vesting in, the Board or taken on lease by the Board or any premises which is entrusted to, or in the possession or control of, the Board for the purposes of this Act;
 - (4) "Chairman" means the Chairman of the Board;
- (5) "Committee" means any committee appointed under section 25;
- (6) "competent authority" means any person or authority authorised by the Covernment, by notification, to perform the functions of the competent authority under Chapter XI for such area as may be specified in the notification:
 - (7) "Government" means the State Government;
- (8) "Housing Board Engineer" means the Housing Board Engineer appointed under section 16;
- (9) "housing or improvement scheme" means a scheme framed under this Act and includes any one of the types of schemes referred to in section 40;
- (10) " land" includes benefits to arise out of land, and things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth;
 - (11) "member" means the member of the Board;

¹. This expression was substituted for the expression "Madras State Housing Board" by paragraph 3 (1) of, and the Schedule to, the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1970.

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- •(12) " premises" means any land or building or part of a building and includes—
- (i) the garden, grounds and out-houses, if any, appertaining to such building or part of a building; and
- (ii) any fittings affixed to such building or part of a building for the more beneficial enjoyment thereof—
- (13) "regulations" means the regulations made under this Act;
 - (14) "rules" means the rules made under this Act:
- (15) " Secretary " means the Secretary appointed under section 16:
- (16) "Tribunal" means the Tribunal constituted under section 79;
 - (17) "year" means the financial year.

CHAPTER II.

CONSTITUTION OF THE BOARD.

- 3. The duty of carrying out the provisions of this Act Creation and shall, subject to the restrictions, conditions and limitations incorporation therein contained, be vested in a Board to be called of the Board. "The [Tamil Nadu State Housing Board]"; and such Board shall be a body corporate and have perpetual succession and a common seal, and shall by the said name sue and be sued.
 - ² [4. The Board shall consist of—
- (a) a Chairman appointed by the Government who possesses such qualifications as may be prescribed; Constitution of the Board.
 - (b) (i) official members not exceeding six; and
- (ii) non-official members not exceeding three, appointed by the Government.]

¹ This expression was substituted for the expression "Madras State Housing Board" by Paragraph 3 (1) of, and the Schedule to, the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1970,

² This section was substituted for the following section by section 2 of the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board (Amendment) Act, 1973 (Tamil Nadu Act 3 of 1974);-

- "4. Constitution of the Board.—(1) The Board shall consist of a Chairman, appointed by the Government, who possesses such qualifications as may be prescribed, and of the following members, namely:—
- (a) four non-official members, appointed by the Government, one of whom shall be an engineer or architect, who possesses experience in housing and who is not employed by the Government or a local authority or a corporation owned or controlled by the Government;
 - (b) the Secretary, Board of Revenue, ex-officio;
- (c) the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, in-charge of buildings, ex-officio;
 - (d) the Joint Director of Town-Planning, ex-officio;
- (e) the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards, ex-officio;
 - (f) the Commissioner of Labour, ex-officio;
- (g) the Commissioner, Corporation of Madras, exognicio;
 - (h) the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, ex-officio;
 - (i) the Director of Harijan Welfare, ex-officio;
 - (i) the Director of Public Health, ex-officio;
- (k) the Secretary to the Government in the Finance Department, ex-officio;
- (1) the Superintending Engineer, Rural Housing Cell, ex-officio;
- (m) an officer, nominated by the Development Commissioner, who is in-charge of Rural Development and having jurisdiction throughout the State, ex-officio;
- (2) If for any reason the officer referred to in clause (c), (e) or (k) of sub-section (1) is unable to attend any meeting of the Board, he may depute any officer subordinate to him to attend such meeting. The officer so deputed shall have the right to take part in the discussions of the Board, but shall not have the right to vote."
- *On and from the date of coming into force of the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board (Amendment) Act, 1973 (Tamil Nadu Act 3 of 1974), the Chairman and members of the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board holding office as such on the said date ceased to hold office and their appointment on and after the said date was made in accordance with the provisions of Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961, as amended by Tamil Nadu Act 3 of 1974.

- 5. The appointment of the Chairman and the non-Appointment official members shall be notified in the Fort St. George of the Chairman and the Gazette*.
- 6. (1) The Chairman and the non-official members Term of shall hold office for a period of three years from the date office of the Chairman and non-official members.
- (2) The Chairman and the non-official members shall be eligible for re-appointment.
- (3) Any non-official member may resign his office by giving notice in writing to the Government but he shall continue in office until his resignation is accepted by the Government.
- 7. (1) A person shall be disqualified for being appointed Disqualificaas, and for being a member of the Board, if he—

 (a) has been convicted by a criminal court for pointment as a member of an offence involving moral turpitude, unless such con-the Board.

 vction has been set aside;
 - (b) is an undischarged insolvent;
 - (c) is of unsound mind;
 - (d) is an officer or servant under the Board;
- (e) has directly or indirectly, by himself or by any partner, employer or employee, any share or interest in any contract or employment with, by or on behalf of, the Board; or
- (f) is a director or a secretary, manager or other officer of any incorporated company which has any share or interest in any contract or employment with, by or on behalf of, the Board.
- (2) A person shall not, however, be disqualified under clause (e) or clause (f) of sub-section (1) or be deemed to have any share or interest in any contract or employment within the meaning of those clauses, by reason only of his, or the incorporated company of which he is a director, secretary, manager or other officer, having a share or interest in—

^{*}Now the Tamil Nadu Government Gazette.

- (i) any sale, purchase, lease or exchange immovable property or any agreement for the same;
- (ii) any agreement for the loan of money or any security for the payment of money only;
- (iii) any newspaper in which any advertisement relating to the affairs of the Board is inserted;
- (iv) the occasional sale to the Board, to a value not exceeding two thousand rupees in any one year, of any article in which he or the incorporated company regularly trades.
- (3) A person shall not also be disqualified under clause (e) or clause (f) of sub-section (1) or be deemed to have any share or interest in any incorporated company which has any share or interest in any contract or employment with, by or on behalf of, the Board, by reason only of his being a shareholder of such company:

Provided that such person discloses to the Government the nature and extent of the shares held by him.

Explanation.—For the purposes of clause (d) of sub-section (1), the Chairman shall not be deemed to be an officer or servant under the Board.

Chairman to be wholetime officer.

- 8. (1) The Chairman shall be a whole-time officer of the Board, and shall not undertake any work unconnected with his office without the sanction of the Government.
- (2) He shall be paid such salary and allowances as may be fixed by the Government.

Leave of absence for grant to the Chairman such leave as may be admissible and appoint- under the rules.

Me Chairman grant to the Chairman such leave as may be admissible under the rules.

acting Chairman.

(2) Whenever there is a temporary vacancy in the office of the Chairman, the Government may appoint a person to act as Chairman during the period of such vacancy and shall pay to such person such salary and allowances as may be fixed by them. The person so appointed shall be deemed for all purposes of this Act to be the Chairman.

- 10. (1) If at any time it appears to the Government Removal of that the Chairman has shown himself to be unsuitable the chairman for his office, or has been guilty of any misconduct or non-official neglect which renders his removal expedient, they may, members by notification, remove the Chairman from office.
- (2) The Government may, by notification, remove any non-official member from office-
- (a) if he has, without the permission of the Board. been absent from the meetings of the Board for any period exceeding three consecutive months; or
- (b) if he has been absent from the meetings of of the Board for any period exceeding that permitted under sub-section (1) of section 11; or
- (c) if he, being a legal practitioner, acts or appears on behalf of any person other than the Board in any civil, criminal or other legal proceedings in which the Board is interested, either as a party or otherwise; or
- (d) if he has, in the opinion of the Government, contravened the provisions of section 26:
- (e) if he, in the opionion of the Government. is unsuitable or has become incapable of acting as a member or has so abused his position as a member as to render his continuance as such member detrimental to the public interest.
- (3) A non-official member removed under any of the provisions of clauses (a) to (c) of sub-section (2) shall be disqualified for appointment as a member for a period of three years from the date of his removal unless otherwise ordered by the Government.
- (4) A non-official member removed under clause (e) of sub-section (2) shall not be eligible for re-appointment until he is declared by an order of the Government to be no longer ineligible.
- 11. (1) The Board may permit any non-official Filling of member to absent himself from its meetings for a period vacancies. not exceeding six months.

(2) The casual vacancy in the office of a member who is permitted to be absent under sub-section (1) may be filled by the Government and any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall enter upon office forthwith but shall hold office only so long as the vacancy lasts:

Provided that the person so appointed is eligible for being appointed as a member to the office of the absent member in accordance with the provisions of section 4 and is not disqualified under section 7.

CHAPTER III.

TRANSFER OF THE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST TO THE BOARD.

Transfer of assets and liabilities of referred to as the City Improvement Trust) shall stand the City Improvement Trust dissolved and all its assets and liabilities shall stand transferred to the Board.

(2) The assets of the City Improvement Trust shall be deemed to include all rights and powers and all property, whether movable or immovable, belonging to or vested in the City Improvement Trust including in particular cash balances, reserve funds, investments, deposits and all other interests and rights in or arising out of such property as may be in the possession of the City Improvement Trust and all books of account or documents kept or maintained by the City Improvement Trust; and the liabilities of the City Improvement Trust shall be deemed to include all debts, liabilities and obligations of whatever kind then existing and pertaining to the City Improvement Trust.

Explanation.—In this section and in sections 13, 14 and 15, "appointed day" means the date on which this Act comes into force in the City of Madras.

ransfer of ovident, perannuon and other like funds to the Board.

13. (1) Where the City Improvement Trust has established a provident fund or superannuation fund or any other like fund for the benefit of its employees and constituted a trust in respect thereof (hereinafter referred to as the existing trust), the moneys standing to the credit



of any such fund on the appointed day, together with any other assets belonging to such fund, shall, subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), stand transferred to and vested in the Board on the appointed day free from any such trust

- (2) The Board shall, as soon as may be after the appointed day, constitute in respect of the moneys and other assets which are transferred to and vested in it under sub-section (1), one or more trusts having objects as similar to the objects of the existing trusts as may be practicable.
- (3) Where all the moneys and other assets belonging to the existing trust are transferred to and vested in the Board under sub-section (1), the trustees of such trust, shall, as from the appointed day, be discharged from the trust, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before the appointed day.
- 14. (1) Unless otherwise expressly provided by or under Effect of this Act, all contracts, agreements and other instruments vesting of of whatever nature subsisting or having effect immediately assets and before the appointed day and to which the City Improvement Trust is a party or which are in favour of the City Improve-Improvement Trust shall be of as full force and effect ment Trust, against of in favour of the Board, as the case may be, and may be enforced or acted upon as fully and effectually as if, instead of the City Improvement Trust,, the Board had been a party thereto or as if they had been entered into or issued in favour of the Board.
- (2) If on the appointed day any suit, appeal or other legal proceeding of whatever nature by or against the City Improvement Trust is pending, then, it shall not abute, be discontinued or be in any way prejudicially affected by reason of the transfer to the Board of the assets and liabilities of the City Improvement Trust or of anything done under this Act, but the suit, appeal or other legal proceeding may be continued, prosecuted and tenforced by or against the Board.

Explanation.—For the purpose of the sub-section 'legal proceeding' includes any proceeding under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, (Central Act I of 1894).

Transfer of service of existing employees of the City Improvement Trust

- 15. (1) Every whole-time employee of the City Improvement Trust shall, on and from the appointed day, become an employee of the Board, and shall hold his office therein by the same tenure, at the same remuneration and upon the same terms and conditions and with the same rights and privileges as to gratuity, if any, and other matters as he to the Board, would have held the same on the appointed day if this Act had not been passed, and shall continue to do so unless and until his remuneration, terms and conditions are duly altered by the Board.
 - (2) If any question arises as to whether any person was a whole-time employee of the City Improvement Trust immediately before the appointed day, the question shall be referred to the Government, whose decision shall be final.
 - (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (Central Act XIV of 1947), or in any other law for the time being in force, the transfer of the services of any employee of the City Improvement Trust to the Board shall not entitle any such employee to any compensation under that Act or other law, and no such claim shall be entertained by any court, tribunal or other authority.

CHAPTER IV.

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF THE STAFF OF THE BOARD.

Appointment of Secretary. Housing Board Bngineer and other officers and servanis of the Board,

16. (1) The Board may appoint a Secretary, a Housing Board Engineer and such other officers and servants as it considers necessary for the efficient performance of its functions:

Provided that the appointment of the Secretary and the Housing Board Engineer shall be subject to the previous approval of the Government.

- (2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1)—
- (i) the Board may, with the previous approval of the Government, sanction the creation of, or appoint any person to any post the maximum monthly salary of which exceeds one thousand rupees;
- (ii) the Board shall have power to create posts in its establishment, the maximum monthly salary of which does not exceed one thousand rupees and to appoint persons to such posts;
- (iii) the Chairman may appoint any officer or servant whose maximum monthly salary does not exceed three hundred rupees:

Provided that in cases of emergency—

- (a) the Chairman may appoint temporarily for a period not exceeding three months, such officers or servants as may, in his opinion, be required for the purposes of this Act and the employment of whom for any particular work has not been prohibited by any resolution of the Board: and
- (b) every appointment made under claus: (a) shall be reported by the Chairman to the Board at its next meeting.
- 17. The remuneration and other conditions of service of Conditions the Secretary, Housing Board Engineer and other officers of service of and servants of the Board shall be such as may be pres- officers and servants of cribed by regulations. the Board.
- 18. (1) Subject to any regulations made under section 19, Promotions the power of making promotion to posts in the service of and punishthe Board, of granting leave to officers and servants holding ment of the such posts, of censuring, fining, withholding promotions officers and servants of from, reducing, suspending, removing or dismissing such the Board. officers and servants for any breach of departmental rules or discipline or for carelessness, unfitness, neglect of duty or misconduct, and of discharging such officers servants from the service of the Board for any other sufficient reason, shall be exercised by the following authorities, namely:-
- (a) by the Chairman in the case of posts, the maximum monthly salary of which does not exceed three hundred rupees and the servants holding such posts;

- (b) by the Board, in the case of posts the maximum monthly salary of which exceeds three hundred rupees but does not exceed one thousand rupees and officers and servants holding such posts;
- (c) by the Board, subject to the previous approval of the Government, in the case of posts the maximum monthly salary of which exceeds one thousand rupees and officers and servants holding such posts:

Provided that a servant of the Central or State Government or of a local authority, whose services have been lent to the Board, shall not be so punished except by an authority which would have been competent to do so if his services had not been so lent, but the Chairman or the Board, as the case may be, shall be entitled to make an inquiry and to report against such servant to such authority.

- (2) Any officer or servant of the Board who is aggrieved by an order passed under sub-section (1) may, within two months from the date of receipt by him of such order, appeal—
- (a) to the Board, if the order was passed by the Chairman; and
- (b) to the Government, if the order was passed by the Board.

Service 19. 1[(1)] Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Board regulations. shall, with the previous approval of the Government, make regulations—

- (a) fixing the salary and allowances of the Sccretary, Housing Board Engineer and other officers and servant, of the Board;
- (b) fixing the amount and nature of security to be furnished by any officer or servant from whom it may be deemed expedient to require security;
- (c) for regulating the grant of leave of absence, leave allowances, and acting allowances to the officers and servants of the Board:

Provided that a servant of the Central or State Government employed as an officer or servant of the Board

¹ The original section 19 was renumbered as sub-section (1) of that section by section 2 of the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board (Amendment) Act, 1977 (President's Act 9 of 1977).

shall not be entitled to leave or leave allowances, otherwise than as laid down in the conditions of his service under the Central or State Government relating to transfer to foreign service;

 1 [(d) for establishing and maintaining a provident fund, for compelling the officers and servants who were in the service of the Board on the 5th day of August 1970 [except such of them as opt to receive the pension referred to in clause (f)] to subscribe to that fund at such rates and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the regulations and for supplementing such subscriptions out of the funds of the Board:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause or in clause (f) shall apply to the servants of the Central Government or the State Government in respect of whom contribution is paid under section 150;]

- (e) for determining the conditions under which the officers and servants or any of them shall on retirement receive gratuities or compassionate allowances and the amount of such gratuities and compassionate allowances.
- ²[(f) (i) for fixing the pension in respect of the officers and servants,—
- (A) appointed to the service of the Board after the 5th day of August, 1970;
- (B) who were in the service of the Board on the 5th day of August, 1970 and who opt to be governed by the regulations made under this clause the made

Provided that the option aforesaid shall be exercised within such period as may be specified by the Government in this behalf and the option once exercised shall be final;

¹ This clause was substituted for the following clause by section 2 (1) (i) of the Trinil Nadu State Housing Board (Amendment) Act, 1977 (President's Act 9 of 1977):—

[&]quot;(d) for establishing and maintaining a provident fund, for compelling all or any of the officers or servants other than servants of the Central or State Government in respect of whom a contribution is paid under section 150 to subscribe to the fund at such rates and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, and for supplementing such subscriptions out of the funds of the Board."

⁸ This clause was inserted by section 2 (1) (ii), ibid.

- (ii) for determining the conditions (including conditions as to payment to a non-contributory provident fund), subject to which the officers and servants referred to in sub-clause (i) shall be entitled to receive pension.]
- 1 [(2) Any regulation under clause (d) or clause (f) of sub-section (1) may be made so as to be retrospective to any date not earlier than the 5th day of August, 1970.]
- Maintaining 20. The Board shall prepare and maintain a schedule Schedule of of establishment before the 1st of May of every year, establishment showing the number, designations and grades of the officers and servants (other than the employees who are paid by the day or whose pay is charged to temporary work), whom it considers necessary and proper to employ for the purposes of this Act, and also the amount and the nature of the salary, fees and allowances to be paid to each such officer or servant, contributions payable under section 150 in respect of each officer and servant, as on the 1st of April of the same year.
 - Housing 21. (1) The Board shall establish a Housing Unit for Units. the area comprising (i) the City of Madras and (ii) places situated within twenty-five miles of the limits of the City of Madras by the name "The Madras Housing Unit"; and the Board may, with the approval of the Government, establish by resolution a Housing Unit for any other area for the efficient performance of its functions in that area.
 - (2) Every housing unit shall form part of the establishment of the Board and shall consist of such officers and servants as may be considered necessary by the Board.
 - (3) Every housing unit shall be in-charge of an officer who shall be under the administrative control of the Chairman and shall also exercise such powers, and perform such duties and functions, as may be delegated to him by the Chairman under section 22.

¹ This sub-section was inserted by section 2(2) of the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board (Amendment) Act, 1977 (President's Act 9 of 1977).

- 22. (1) The Chairman shall exercise supervision Control and and control over the acts and proceedings of all officers delegation and servants of the Board, and, subject to the foregoing by chairman. sections and subject also to such control and revision as may be prescribed, shall decide all questions relating to the service of the said officers and servants, and their salaries, allowances, benefits and privileges.
- (2) The Chairman may, by general or special order in writing, delegate to any officer of the Board, any of his powers, duties or functions under this Act or any rules or regulations made thereunder, except those under sections 23, 93, 104, 136 and 139:

Provided that—

- (a) the Chairman shall not delegate his powers under sections 28 and 29 to incur expenditure and to approve estimates for any single work or scheme, value of which exceeds twenty thousand rupees;
- (b) the Chairman shall not delegate his powers under section 16 to make appointments to posts the maximum monthly salary of which exceeds one hundred rupees; and
- (c) the Chairman shall not delegate any of his powers under section 18 to any officer in respect of any employee of the Board unless such employee was appointed by such officer or any subordinate of such officer, by virtue of a delegation of Chairman's power of appointment under section 16.
- (3) The exercise or discharge by any officer of any powers, duties, or functions delegated to him under subsection (2) shall be subject to such restrictions and limitations as may be imposed by the Chairman, and shall also be subject to his control and revision.
- (4) Against any order of the nature referred to in sub-section (2) of section 18 passed by an officer to whom the Chairman's power in that behalf has been delegated, an appeal shall lie to the Board, and if the Chairman has himself revised the order of such officer, an appeal shall lie to the Board against the order of the Chairman.

CHAPTER V.

[1961: T.N. Act 17

CONDUCT OF BUSINESS OF THE BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES.

Meetings of 23. (1) The Board shall meet at such times and places the Board, and shall, subject to the provisions of sub-sections (2) and (3), observe such rules of procedure in regard to transaction of business at its meetings (including the quorum at meetings) as may be prescribed by regulations:

Provided that the Board shall meet at least once in every month.

- (2) The Chairman or in his absence such member as may be chosen by the members present from among themselves shall preside at a meeting of the Board.
- (3) All questions at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the members present and voting and in the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman, or in his absence the person presiding, shall have a second or casting vote.
- (4) The proceedings of the meeting of the Board shall be forwarded to the Government in the department in charge of housing within seven days of every meeting.
- Temporary 24. (1) The Board may associate with itself in such association manner and for such purpose as may be prescribed by of persons regulations, any person whose assistance or advice it may with the Board for the purpose of carrying into effect any of the particular provisions of this Act:

Provided that the number of persons so associated shall not be more than five.

- (2) A person associated with the Board under subsection (1) for any purpose shall have the right to take part in the discussions of the Board, relevant to that purpose but shall not have the right to vote and shall not be named as a member for any other purpose.
- (3) The Government may, by order, depute one or more officers of the Government to attend any meeting of the Board and to take part in the discussions of the Board, but such officer or officers shall not have the right to vote.

or persons

take part in

proceedings

- 25. (1) The Board may from time to time appoint Appoint-Committees consisting of such number of persons as it ment and may think fit for the purpose of discharging such duties Committee or performing such functions, and on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by regulations.
- (2) The Chairman or such other rerson as he may nominate in this behalf shall be the president of the Committee and the Committee shall observe such rules of procedure in regard to transactions of business at its meetings as may be prescribed by regulations.
- (3) All proceedings of the Committee shall be subject to confirmation by the Board.
- 26. (1) A member or a person associated with the Members of Board or a member of any Committee who— Committee
- (a) has directly or indirectly, by himself or by any associated partner, employer or employee, any such share or interest with the as is described in sub-section (1) of section 7 in respect of Board not 10 any matter, or
- in which (b) has acted professionally, in relation to any they are matter, on behalf of any person having therein any such personally interested. share or interest as aforesaid,

shall not vote or take part in any proceeding of the Board or any Committee relating to such matter.

- (2) If any member or any person associated with the Board under section 24 or any member of a Committee appointed under section 25 has, directly or indirectly, any beneficial interest in any land situated in an area comprised in any housing or improvement scheme framed under this Act, or in an area in which it is proposed to acquire land for any of the purposes of this Act—
- (i) he shall at a meeting relating to such area of the Board or any Committee inform the person presiding of the nature of such interest, and
- (ii) he shall not take part in any proceeding relating to such area at a meeting of the Board or any Committee.

- (3) Nothing in sub-section (2) shall prevent any member or any person associated with the Board under section 24 or any member of a Committee appointed under section 25 from voting on, or taking part in, the discussion of any resolution or question relating to any subject other than a subject referred to in that sub-section.
- Acts of the 27. No act done or proceeding taken under this Act Board or by the Board or any Committee shall be invalidated merely Committee on the ground—not to be

invalidated (a) of any vacancy or defect in the constitution mality, of the Board or the Committee; or vacancy, etc.

- (b) of any defect or irregularity in the appointment of a person acting as a member thereof; or
- (c) of any defect or irregularity in such act or proceeding not affecting the merits of the case.

CHAPTER VI.

Powers of Board and Chairman to incur expenditure on Schemes and enter into contracts.

Powers of 28. Subject to budget provision and availability of Board and funds, expenditure may be incurred on any single work or Chairman to scheme for carrying out any of the purposes of this Act—incur expenditure.

- (1) by the Chairman, in case such expenditure does not exceed fifty thousand rupees; and
 - (2) by the Board, in other cases:

Provided that the Board shall not, without the previous approval of the Government, incur any such expenditure exceeding ten lakhs of rupces:

Provided further that the Chairman shall report the expenditure incurred by him under this section to the Board at its next meeting for atification.

- 29. The Board or the Chairman may accord approval Powers of to estimates for incurring expenditure on any work or Chairman to scheme for carrying out any of the purposes of this Act approve subject to the like restrictions and conditions imposed on estimates. the Board or the Chairman, as the case may be, under section 28.
- 30. The Chairman may, in cases of emergency, direct Emergency the execution of any work or the doing of any act which powers of requires the sanction of the Board and the immediate execution or doing of which is, in his opinion, necessary for the service or safety of the public and may also direct that the expenses of executing the work or of doing the act shall be paid from the funds of the Board:

Provided that—

- (a) he shall not act under this section in contravention of any direction of the Board or the Government prohibiting the execution of any particular work or the doing of any particular act;
- (b) he shall report the action taken by him under this section and the reasons therefor to the Board at its next meeting and shall also submit a copy of his report to the Government and the Board or the Government may issue such directions as it or they may deem fit on such report.
- 31. The Board may enter into and perform all such Power to contracts as it may consider necessary or expedient for make and perform contracts.
- 32. (1) Every contract shall be made on behalf of the Agreements and security Board by the Chairman.

 Agreements and security deposits.
- (2) The Chairman shall take sufficient security deposit for the due performance of the contract.
- (3) Written agreements shall be executed for all contracts, the value of which exceeds five hundred rupees.
- (4) Every contract made by the Chairman, the value of which exceeds ten thousand rupees, shall be reported to the Board at its next meeting.

Further pro-33. (1) Subject to the provisions of sections 31 and visions as to 32, the contracts or agreements shall be made or exeexecution of outed in accordance with such arrival as cuted in accordance with such rules as may be prescricontracts and agreements.

> (2) A contract or agreement made or executed in contravention of the provisions of this Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder shall not be binding on the Board.

Signing of instruments and the of such instruments.

- 34. (1) The Chairman, or any officer of the Board authorised in writing by the Board in this behalf, may registration sign on behalf of the Board any agreement or other instrument to be executed on behalf of the Board.
 - (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indi n Registration Act, 1998 (Central Act XVI of 1908). it shall not be necessary for the Chairman or an officer of the Board referred to in sub-section (1) to appear in person or by agent at any registration office in any proceeding connected with the registration of any instrument executed by him in his official capacity or to sign as provided in section 58 of that Act.
 - (3) Where any instrument is so executed, the registering officer to whom such instrument is presented for registration may, if he thinks fit, refer to the Chairman or an officer of the Board referred to in sub-section (1) for information respecting the same and shall, on being satisfied of the execution thereof, register the instrument.

CHAPTER VII.

HOUSING OR IMPROVEMENT SCHEMES.

Power of the Board to undertake schemes and incur expenditure.

35. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Board may, from time to time, incur expenditure and undertake works for the framing and execution of such housing nousing or improvement schemes as it may consider necessary.

- (2) The Government may, on such terms and conditions as they may think fit to impose, transfer to the Board the execution of any housing or improvement scheme not provided for by this Act, and the Board shall thereupon undertake the execution of such scheme as if it had been provided for by this Act.
- (3) The Board may, on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, take over for execution any housing or improvement scheme undertaken by a local authority and the Board shall execute such schemes as if it had been provided for by this Act.
- 36. Whenever the Government consider it expedient Power of or necessary, for the purpose of clearance or improvement Government of any slum area, to transfer any land in such area belonging to transfer to or vested in them or acquired under the provisions belonging to of the ¹[Tamil Nadu] Slum Improvement (Acquisition or vested in of Land) Act, 1954 (¹[Tamil Nadu] Act XI of 1954), they them or may do so on such terms and conditions as they may acquired think fit to impose; and direct the Board to undertake under [Tamil the clearance or improvement of that area and to from Nadul Act the clearance or improvement of that area and to frame XI of 1954 and execute such housing or improvement scheme under to the Board. this Act as the Government may specify and the Board shall thereupon undertake the same for execution as if it had been provided for by this Act.
- 37. A housing or improvement scheme may be framed Housing or by the Board on its own motion or at the instance of the improvement scheme when Government or a local authority.

to be framed by the Board.

38. (1) The Board may agree to frame and execute Board may a housing or improvement scheme at the instance of a agree or local authority if the Board is satisfied that such scheme refuse to is necessary and the funds at its disposal permit the framing frame and execute a and the execution of such scheme or may refuse to frame housing or and execute such scheme if it is satisfied that it is either improvement unnecessary or not feasible or that it is otherwise un-scheme. executable

These words were substituted for the word "Madras" by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1969, as amended by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws (Second Amendment) Order,

(2) Any local authority deeming itself aggrieved by the refusal of the Board under sub-section (1) may, within two months from the date of receipt of the order of such refusal, appeal to the Government who may pass such orders thereon as they think fit and it shall be the duty of the Board to give effect to such orders accordingly.

Matters to be provided by housing or improvement schemes.

- 39. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, a housing or improvement scheme may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—
- (ϵ) the acquisition by purchase, exchange, or otherwise of any property necessary for or affected by the execution of the scheme;
- (b) the laying or re-laying out of any land comprised in the scheme;
- (c) the distribution or re-distribution of sites belonging to owners of the property comprised in the scheme;
- (d) the closure or demolition of dwellings or portions of dwellings unfit for human habitation;
- (e) the demolition of obstructive buildings or portions of buildings;
 - (f) the construction and reconstruction of buildings;
- (g) the sale, lease or exchange of any property comprised in the scheme;
- (h) the construction and alteration of roads, streets, back lanes, bridges, culverts and causeways;
- (i) the draining, water supply and lighting of the streets included in the scheme;
- (j) the provision of open parks, playing fields and open spaces for the benefit of any area comprised in the scheme or any adjoining area, and the enlargement of existing parks, playing fields, open spaces and approaches;

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- (k) the provision of sanitary arrangements required for the area comprised in the scheme, including the conservation of and prevention of injury or contamination to rivers or other sources and means of water-supply;
- (1) the provision of accommodation for any class of inhabitants;
- (m) the advance of money for the purposes of the scheme;
- (n) the provision of facilities for communication and transport;
- (o) the collection of such imformation and statistics as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act;
- (p) the reclamation or reservation of lands for markets, gardens, playing fields and afforestation;
- (q) the provision of schools, parks, swimming pools, restaurants, shops, markets, fuel depots, laundries, hair dressing saloons and other amenities in the scheme; and
- (r) any other matter for which, in the opinion of the Government, it is expedient to make provision with a view to provide house accommodation and to the improvement of any area comprised in the scheme, or of any adjoining area or the general efficiency of the scheme.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the Government may, by notification, specify such area surrounding or adjoining the area included in a housing or improvement scheme to be the adjoining area.

40. Any housing or improvement scheme shall be of one of the following types, or combination of any two or more such types or of any special features thereof, that is to say—

Types of housing or improvement schemes.

- (a) a house accommodation scheme;
- (b) a rebuilding scheme;

- (c) a rehousing or rehabilitation scheme;
- (d) a city or town or village expansion scheme;
- (e) a street scheme;
- (f) a deferred street scheme;
- (g) a land development scheme; and
- (h) a general improvement scheme.

House accomodation scheme.

- 41. (1) Whenever the Board is of opinion that it is expedient or necessary to meet the need for house accommodation in any area, the Board may frame a house accomodation scheme.
- (2) Such scheme shall specify the layout of the area where the houses are to be constructed.
- (3) Such scheme may provide for the construction of houses and for the sale, leasing out or sale on hire-purchase basis of any house so constructed.
- (4) The Board may provide in the area roads, streets, drainage, water-supply, street-lighting and other amenities.

Rebuilding scheme.

- 42. (1) Whenever it appears to the Board that any area is an insanitary area, within the meaning of section 48 and that having regard to the comparative value of the buildings in such area and of the sites on which they are erected, the most satisfactory method of dealing with the area or any part thereof is a rebuilding scheme, the Board may frame a rebuilding scheme for the whole area or any part of it in accordance with the provisions of this section.
 - (2) A rebuilding scheme may provide for—
- (a) the reservation of roads, streets, lanes and open spaces, and the enlargement of the existing roads, streets, lanes and open spaces to such extent as may be necessary for the purposes of the scheme;

- (b) the relaying out of the sites of the area upon roads, streets, lanes and open spaces so reserved or enlarged;
- (c) the payment of compensation in respect of any such reservation or enlargement, and the formation of roads, streets, lanes and open spaces so reserved or enlarged;
- (d) the reconstruction, alteration, or demolition of the existing buildings and their appurtenances by the owners or by the Board in default of the owners, and the erection of buildings in accordance with the scheme by the said owners, or by the Board in default of the owners, upon the sites as defined under the scheme;
- (e) the advance to the owners, upon such terms and conditions as to interest, sinking fund, and other matters as may be provided under the scheme, of such sums as may be necessary to assist them to reconstruct or alter existing buildings or to erect new buildings in accordance with the scheme; and
- (f) the acquisition by the Board of any site or building comprised in the area included in the scheme.
- 43. Whenever the Board is of opinion that it is neces- Rehousing sary for persons who—

 or rehabilitation
- (a) are displaced by the execution of any housing scheme. or improvement scheme sanctioned under this Act, or
- (b) are likely to be displaced by the execution of any housing or improvement scheme which it is intended to frame under this Act, or
 - (c) are surplus in any scheme area,

the Board may frame a rehousing scheme for the construction, maintenance and management of such number of dwelling houses and shops as may be required, or may frame a rehabilitation scheme for providing such number of open plots with roads, streets and open spaces as may be necessary.

44. (1) Whenever the Board is of opinion that it is or village expedient to control and provide for the future expansion expansion or development of a city, town or village, the Board may schemes. frame an expansion scheme and specify the time-limit for the execution of such scheme.

- (2) The expansion scheme may be framed in respect of an area which lies wholly within or wholly outside the limits of the city, town or village or in respect of an area which lies partly within and partly outside the city, town or village.
- (3) Such scheme shall specify the proposed layout of the area to be developed and the purposes for which particular portions thereof are to be utilised.
- (4) After any such scheme has come into force, no person shall, without the previous permission of the Board, erect, re-erect, add to, or alter any building or wall within the area comprised in the scheme.
- (5) If the Board refuses to grant permission to any person to erect, re-erect, add to or alter any building cr wan on his land in the area aforesaid, and does not proceed to acquire such land within one year from the date of such refusal, the Board shall pay reasonable compensation to such person, for any damage sustained by him in consequence of such refusal.

Street scheme.

- 45. (1) Whenever the Board is of opinion that for the purpose of—
 - (a) providing building sites, or
 - (b) remedying defective ventilation, or
- (c) creating new or improving existing means of communication and facilities for traffic, or
- (d) affording better facilities for conservancy, it is expedient to layout new streets or alter existing streets (including bridges, causeways and culverts) in any area, the Board may frame a street scheme for such area.
- (2) A street scheme may, within the limits of the area comprised in the scheme, provide for the following matters, namely:—
- (a) the acquisition of any land which, in the opinion of the Board, is necessary for the street scheme;

- (b) the re-laying out of all or any of the lands so acquired including the construction and re-construction of buildings by the Board or by persons authorized by the Board in that behalf and the laying out, construction and alteration of streets and thoroughfares;
- (c) the draining, water-supply and lighting of streets and thoroughfares so laid out, constructed or altered:
- (d) the raising, lowering, or reclamation of any land vested in, or to be acquired by, the Board for the purposes of the scheme;
- (e) the provision of open spaces for the better ventilation of the area comprised in the scheme; and
- (f) the acquisition of any land adjoining any street. thoroughfare, or open space to be formed under the scheme.
- 46. (1) Whenever the Board is of opinion that it is Deferred necessary to provide for the ultimate widening of any street scheme. by altering the existing alignments of such improved alignments to be prescribed by the Board but that it is not necessary immediately to acquire all or any of the properties lying within the proposed improved alignments, the Board, may frame a "deferred street scheme" prescribing an alignment on each side of the street and specify the time-limit for the execution of such scheme.

- (2) A deferred street scheme shall provide for the following matters, namely:—
- (a) the acquisition of the whole or any part of any property lying within the prescribed street alignments within the time-limit specified in the scheme which may be extended by the Board from time to time:

Provided that such time-limit including the excensions granted by Board shall in no case exceed twenty years from the date of sanction of the scheme.

- (b) the re-laying out of all or any such property including the construction and reconstruction of buildings by the Board or by any other person, and the formation and alignment of the street:
- (c) the draining, water-supply and lighting of the streets so formed or altered.

- (3) After a deferred street scheme has been sanctioned by the Board—
- (a) no person shall, except with the written permission of the Board, creet, re-erect, add to or alter any building or wall so as to make the same project into the prescribed alignment of the street;
- (b) if the Board fails to acquire or to institute proceedings for the acquistion of any property within the prescribed alignment of any street within the time-limit specified in the scheme or extended by it, the owner of such property may, at any time thereafter, give the Board notice requiring it to acquire or to institute proceedings for the acquisition of such property before the expiration of six months from the date of such notice, and thereupon the Board shall acquire, or institute such proceedings and acquire the property accordingly, and if the Board fails to do so, it shall pay reasonable compensation to the owner for any damage sustained by him in consequence of such failure;
- (c) before proceeding to acquire any property lying within the prescribed alignment of the street other than property regarding which it has received a notice under clause (b), the Board shall give six months' notice to the owner of its intention to acquire such property.
- (d) notwithstanding anything contained in the * Madras City Municipal Act, 1919 (¹[Tamil Nadu] Act IV of 1919) or the ¹[Tamil Nadu] District Municipalities Act, 1920 (¹[Tamil Nadu] Act V of 1920) or in any notification issued under section 206 of the ¹[Tamil Nadu] District Boards Act, 1920 (¹[Tamil Nadu] Act XIV of 1920) or under section 125 of the ¹[Tamil Nadu] Village Panchayats Act, 1950] ¹[Tamil Nadu] Act X of 1950) or under section 6 of the ¹[Tamil Nadu] Panchayats Act, 1958 (¹[Tamil Nadu] Act XXXV of 1958), the Council of the Corporation of Madras, the Municipal Council, the

These words were substituted for the word "Madras" by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1969, as amended by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws (Second Amendment) Order, 1969.)

^{*} Now the Madras City Municipal Corporation Act, 1919.

District Board, the Village Panchavat, the Panchayat or the Panchayat Union Council shall not have power to prescribe any alignment of the street Within the limits of the scheme, and any such alignment previously prescribed within such limits shall cease to be the alignment of the street.

- 47. (1) Whenever the Beard is of opinion that it is Land expedient to provide building sites in any area, the development scheme. Board may frame a land development scheme.
- (2) Such scheme shall specify the proposed layout of the area to be developed and the purposes for which particular portions thereof are to be utilized.
- (3) The Board may provide for roads, streets, open spaces, drainage, water-supply and steet-lighting and other amenities for scheme area.
- (4) The Board may lease out or sell, by outright sale or on hire-purchase basis, the building sites in the scheme area.
 - 48. Whenever it appears to the Board—

General improve-

- (a) that in any area, any buildings used or scheme. intended or likely to be used as dwelling houses are unfit for human habitation, or
- (b) that danger to the health of the inhabitants buildings in any area, or to buildings in the neighbourhood of such area is likely to be caused by—
- (i) the narrowness, closeness, or bad arrangement or condition of streets or buildings or groups of buildings in such area, or
- (ii) the want of light, air, ventilation, or proper conveniences in such area, or
- (iii) any other sanitary defects in such area, the Board may frame a General Improvement Scheme in respect of such area.

Preparation. publication and transmission of notice as to housing or schemes and supply of documents to applicants.

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- 49. (1) When any housing or improvement scheme has iron framed, the Board shall prepare a notice to that effect and specify—
- (a) the boundaries of the area comprised in the improvement scheme; and
 - (L) the place or places at which particulars of the scheme, a map of the area, and details of the land which it is proposed to acquire and of the land in regard to which it is proposed to recover a betterment fee, may be seen at reasonable hours.

(2) The Board shall—

- (a) cause the said notice to be published weekly for three consecutive weeks in the *Fort St. George Gazette, and in two leading daily newspapers in the State, specifying the period up to which the objections will be received; and
- (b) send a copy of the notice to the local authority concerr ed.
- (3) The Chairman shall cause copies of all documents referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) to be delivered to any applicant on payment of the fee fixed by the Board.

Transmis sion to the **Board** of representation by the concerned local authority as to housing or improvement scheme.

50. The local authority to whom a copy of a notice has been sent under clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 49 shall, within a period of sixty days from the receipt of the said copy, forward to the Board any representation which the local authority may wish to make regarding the scheme.

Notice regarding proposal to recover betterment fee.

51. (1) Within the three weeks following the day on which any notice is first published under section 49 in respect of any housing or improvement scheme, the Board shall serve a notice in such form as may be prescribed on every person whose name appears in the assessment list of the local authority concerned as being primarily liable to pay property tax on any building or land in regard to which the Board proposes to recover betterment fee.

^{*}Now the Tamil Nadu Government Gazette.

- (2) A copy of the notice shall also be affixed in every such premises.
- (3) Every such notice shall be signed by the Chairman or by a person duly authorized by him in that behalf.
- (4) Any person on whom a notice under sub-section (1) has been served may, within thirty days from the service of the notice, make a representation in writing to the Board stating his objections to the scheme.
- 52. The executive officer of any local authority shall, Furnishing at the request of the Chairman, furnish him with a copy of copies or of, or an extract from, the assessment list of the local extracts from the assessauthority. ment book of the local authority.
- 53. (1) After considering the objections and represent-Abandon-ations, if any, received in pursuance of sub-section (2) of ment, modisection 49, section 50 and sub-section (4) of section 51 fication Ci and after hearing the persons who, having lained any sanction of a such objections or made any such representations, desire housing or to be heard, the Board may either abandon or modify ment or sanction the scheme, or apply to the Government for scheme. sanction with such modifications, if any, as the Board may consider necessary if the cost of the scheme exceeds ten lakhs of rupees.

- (2) The Government may sanction with or without modification, or may refuse to sanction or may return for reconsideration any housing or improvement scheme, costing over ten lakhs of rupees submitted to them under sub-section (1).
- (3) If a scheme returned for reconsideration under sub-section (2) is modified by the Board, it shall be republished in accordance with section 49—
- (a) in every case in which the modification affects the boundaries of the area comprised in the scheme, or involves the acquisition of any land not previously proposed to be acquired; and
- (b) in every other case, where the modification is, in the opinion of the Board, of sufficient importance to require republication.

Publication scheme.

54. (1) Whenever the Board or the Government of sanction sanction a housing or improvement scheme, it shall be improvement announced by notification:

> Provided that whenever the Board sanctions a scheme with modifications, if any, it shall cause notice to that effect to be published weekly for two consecutive weeks in the * Fort St. George Gazette and in two leading daily newspapers in the State.

- (2) The publication of the notification or notice under sub-section (1) in respect of any scheme shall be conclusive evidence that the scheme has been duly framed and sanctioned.
- (3) Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Board sanctioning a housing or improvement scheme may, within thirty days from the date of last publication in the * Fort St. George Gazette of the said scheme, appeal to the Government and the decision of the Government en such appeal shall be final and shall not be liable to be guestioned in any court of law.
- (4) The scheme shall come into force and shall have
- (a) where no appeal is preferred under subsection (3), on and from the expiry of the thirty days referred to in that sub-section; and
- (b) where such appeal is preferred, on and from the date of the decision of the Government on such appeal.

The Board to execute after sanction.

55. As soon as may be after a housing or improvement scheme other than a deferred street scheme or expansion nousing or improvement scheme has come into force, the Board shall proceed to schemes soon execute the same.

Alteration of sanction.

56. Any time after a housing or improvement scheme a housing or has been sanctioned by the Board or the Government. improvement as the case may be, and before it has been carried into scheme after execution, the Board may alter or cancel it:

Provided that-

- (a) if any alteration is likely to increase the estimated net cost of executing a scheme by more than ten per cent
 - Now the Tamil Nadu Government Gazette.

of the total cost, or if any altered scheme is likely to cost more than ten lakhs of rupees, the alteration shall not be made without the previous sanction of the Government;

- (b) if any alteration involves the acquisition, otherwise than by agreement, of any land not previously proposed to be acquired in the original scheme, the procedure prescribed in the foregoing sections of this Chapter shall, so far as it may be applicable, be followed as if the alteration were a separate scheme;
- (c) if, owing to any alteration, any land not previously liable under the scheme to the payment of a betterment fee, becomes liable to such payment, the procedure prescribed in sections 49, 50 and 51 shall, so far as it may be applicable, be followed in regard to such land:

Provided further that no scheme, costing over ten lakhs of rupees, shall be cancelled under this section without the previous sanction of the Government.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the word "alteration" shall be deemed to include a combination of two or more schemes framed or proposed to be framed and the expression "altered scheme" shall be deemed to include any scheme so combined.

- 57. (1) Whenever any building or land or any street Transfer to or any part thereof, which is situated within the jurisdiction Board for of a local authority and is vested in such local authority, purposes of improvement scheme, scheme of the Board shall give notice accordingly to that local building or authority and such building, land or street or any part land vested thereof shall thereupon vest in the Board.
- (2) Where any land situated within the jurisdiction of a local authority vests in the Board under the provisions of sub-section (1) and the Board makes a declaration that such land will be retained by the Board only until it revests in the local authority as part of a street or an open space under section 61, no compensation shall be payable by the Board to the local authority in respect of that land.
- (3) Where any land or building vests in the Board under the provisions of sub-section (1) and no declaration is made under sub-section (2) in respect of the land, the

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Board shall pay to the local authority as compensation, a sum equal to the market value of such land or building as on the date on which the scheme comes into force under section 54 and where any building situated on the land in respect of which a declaration has been made by the Board under sub-section (2) is vested in the Board under sub-section (1), like compensation shall be payable in respect of such building by the Board.

- (4) If, in any case, where the Board has made a declaration in respect of any land under sub-section (2), the Board retains or disposes of the land contrary to the terms of the declaration, so that the land does not revest in the local authority, the Board shall pay to the local authority compensation in respect of such land in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3).
- (5) If any question or dispute arises as to whether compensation is payable under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4), or, as to the amount of such compensation or as to whether any building, land or street, or any part thereof, is required for the purposes of the scheme, the matter shall be referred to the Government whose decision shall be final.

Transfer of private street of square or part private street thereof which is not vested in the Board or in any local or square to Board for authority is required for executing any housing or improvement scheme, the Board shall cause to be affixed in a conspicuous place in or near such street or square or part, improvement a notice signed by the Chairman and—scheme.

- (a) stating the purpose for which the street or square or part thereof is required, and
- (b) declaring that the Board will, on or after a date to be specified in the notice, take over charge of such street or square, or part from the owner thereof, and shall simultaneously send a copy of such notice to the owner of such street or square or part.
- (2) After considering the objections (if any), received in writing before the date specified under clause (b) of sub-section (1), the Board may take over charge of such street or square or part, and the same shall thereupon vest in the Board.



- (3) When the Board alters or closes any private street or square or part thereof which has vested in it under sub-section (2), it shall pay reasonable compensation to the previous owner for the loss of his rights therein.
- (4) If the alteration or closing of any such street or square or part causes damage or substantial inconvenience to owners of property adjacent thereto, or to residents in the neighbourhood, the Board shall forthwith provide some other reasonable means of access for the use of persons who were entitled to use such street or square or part as a means of access to any property, or place and if the provision of such means of access does not sufficiently compensate any such owner or resident for such damage or inconvenience, the Board shall also pay him reasonable compensation.
- 59. (1) Such of the provisions of the *Madras City Barto appli-Municipal Act, 1919 (¹[Tamil Nadu] Act IV of 1919), cation of the ¹[Tamil Nadu] District Municipalities Act, 1920 certain loss (1 [Tamil Nadu] Act V of 1920), the 1 [Tamil Nadu] District of a local authority Boards Act, 1920 (¹[Tamil Nadu] Act XIV of 1920), the regarding ⁴[Tamil Nadu] Village Panchayats Act, 1950 (¹ [Tamil closure. Nadul Act X of 1950) and the '[Tami! Madul Panchayats Act, 1958 (1 Tamil Nadu] Act XXXV of 1958), as relate to maintenance or repairs of public streets, closure of public street or parts thereof, diverting or turning public street or parts thereof and to disposal of the land which is no longer required when any public street is permanently closed, shall not apply to any street which is vested in the Board.
- (2) Such of the provisions of the enactments specified in sub-section (1) as relate to temporary closure of streets. precautions during repairs of streets and prosecution against removal of bars and lights shall not apply to the Board when any drain or premises vested in the local authority is opened or broken up by the Board or any public street is under construction by the Board.
- 60. Whenever the Board allows any street vested in Repairs of it to be used for public traffic, it shall keep the street in streets vested good repair and do all things necessary for the safety and in the Board. convenience of persons using it.

¹ These words were substituted for the word " Madras " by the Tam il Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1969, as amended by the Tam il N. du Adeptation of Laws (Second Amendment) Order 1969.

^{*} Now the Madras City Municipal Corporation Act. 1919.

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Transfering streets laid out or altered and open spaces provided by the Board under a housing or an improvement scheme.

- 61. (1) The Board may hand over any road or street to the local authority concerned after giving a month's notice, when—
- (a) any such road or street laid out or altered by the Board has been duly levelled, metalled, flagged, channelled, sewered and drained in the manner provided in the scheme sanctioned by the Board or the Government under section 53:
- (b) lamp posts necessary for the lighting of such streets have been provided by the Board; and
- (c) water and other sanitary conveniences have been duly provided in such streets.
- (2) The local authority concerned may, after receiving the notice from the Board under sub-section (1), declare the street to be a public street; and the street shall thereupon vest in the local authority; and shall thenceforth be maintained, kept in repair, lighted and cleansed by the local authority.
- (3) When any open space for the purposes of ventilation or recreation has been provided by the Board in executing any housing or improvement scheme, it shall, on completion, be transferred to the local authority concerned by a resolution of the Board and it shall thereupon vest in the local authority concerned and thereafter be maintained by that local authority at its expense:

Provided that the local authority may require the Board before any such open space is so transferred to enclose, level, turf, drain and layout such space and provide foot-path therein, and, if necessary to provide lamps and other apparatus for lighting it. while and of the dought of

(4) If any difference of opinion arises between the Board and the local authority in respect of thy matter referred to in the fdregoing provisions of this section, the matter shall be referred to the Government whose decision shall be final.

Prevention or restriction of traffic in street vested in the Board, during progress of work.

62. (1) When any work which may lawfully be done, is being executed by the Board in any street vested in it, the Board may direct that such street shall, during the progress of such work, be either wholly or partially closed to traffic generally or to traffic of any specified descritpion. W. V. 8 1 gubb obus

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- (2) When any such direction has been given, the Board shall set up in a conspicuous position in or near the street an order prohibiting traffic to the extent so directed, and fix such bars, chains or posts across or in the street as it may think proper for preventing or restricting traffic therein.
- 63. (1) When any work is being executed by the Board Provision of in any public street vested in it, the Board shall, so far facilities when as may reasonably be practicable make adequate provision executed by for—

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- (a) the passage or diversion of traffic;
- (b) securing access to all premises approached from such street; and
- (c) any drainage, water-supply, or means of lighting which is interrupted by reason of the execution of the work.
- (2) The Board shall pay reasonable compensation to any person who sustains special damage by reason of the execution of any such work.

64. (1) The Board may—

(a) turn, divert, discontinue the public use of Power of the or permanently close any public street vested in it or any or close public part thereof; or street or (b) discontinue the public use of, or permanently square vest de

close any public square vested in it or any part thereof.

- olen a dia dia anama di Q (2) Whenever the Board discontinues the public use of or permanently closes any public street vested in it or any part thereof, it shall pay reasonable compensation to every person who was entitled, otherwise than as a member of the public, to use such street or part as means of access, and has suffered damage from such discontinuance or closing.
- (3) Whenever the Board discontinues the public use of or permanently closes, any public square vested in it? or any part thereof, it shall pay reasonable compensation to every person who was entitled; otherwise than as a member of the public, to use such square or part as a means of access. 1125-6-40A Maria Landi Barrana Landi Barrana

(4) When any public street or square vested in the Board, or any part thereof, is permanently closed under sub-section (1), the Board may sell or lease so much of the same as is no longer required.

Power of the Board to

65. Notwithstanding anything contained retain lanes section 63, the Board may retain any lane not meant for meant for vehicular traffic) and may enter into an agreevehicular ment with the local authority concerned or any other traffic. person for the supervision, repair, lighting and general management of any lane so retained.

Other duties

- 66. It shall also be the duty of the Board to take of the Board. measures with a view-
 - (1) to plan and co-ordinate all Lousing activities in the State, and to ensure expeditious and efficient implementation of housing or improvement schemes in the State:
 - (2) to provide technical advice and scrutinise all profects under housing or improvement schemes sponsored or assisted by the Central or State Government:
 - (3) to maintain, allot, lease and otherwise use plots. buildings, and other properties of the Board or the Government, and to collect rents from the properties under the control and management of the Board, and repay loans to the State and Central Governments:
 - (4) to set up a research section for the purpose of expediting the construction of, and cheapening the cost of buildings; and
 - (5) to organize and run workshops for manufacture, sale, stockpiling and supply of building materials, required for housing or improvement schemes.

Supervision and centage charges.

67. The Board may include in the cost of any housing or improvement scheme framed by it or any other work undertaken by it, supervision and centage charges at such rates as may be fixed by it:

Provided that the rate so fixed shall not be more than twelve and a half per cent of the cost of the scheme or work.

- 68. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the fore- Power of going provisions of this Chapter, the Government may, at to call for any time in the case of any housing or improvement scheme, the records which is proposed to be framed or which has been framed of the Board by the Board or which is being executed by it, call for and and to modiexamine the records of the Board relating to such schemefy, annul, etc., and if, after making the examination and after consi-of housi go dering the representations, if any, of the Board and the improvement local authority concerned it appears to the Government local authority concerned, it appears to the Government that such scheme should be modified, annulled or remitted for reconsideration to the Board or that such scheme should be executed with modifications, they may pass orders accordingly.
- (2) The Government may stay the execution of any such scheme pending the exercise of their powers under sub-section (1) in respect thereof.
- (3) Any housing or improvement scheme which has already come into force but has been modified by the Government under sub-section (1) shall have effect as if it had been duly sanctioned by the Board under section 53. The scheme as modified shall be published in accordance with the provisions of section 54 and on such publication the scheme so modified shall come into force and shall have effect.
- 69. The Government may, by notification, exempt, power to subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be exempt. specified in such notification, any housing or improvement scheme, or class of housing or improvement schemes from all or any of the provisions of this Chapter.
- 169A. Not withstanding anything contained in sections 35 Scope of to 69, the Board or any other authority referred to in this Housing or Act shall have no power, function or responsibility for Improvement making provision in any housing or improvement scheme. Schemes. or executing or carrying out any work thereunder, in respect of water supply or sewerage services or anything connected therewith in the Madras Metropolitan Area within the meaning of the Madras Metropolitan Water Supply and Sewerage Act, 1978, and if any such scheme is

¹ This section was inserted by clause (1) of part IV of the Schedule to, the Madras Metropolitan Water Supply and Sewerage Act, 1978 (Tamil Nadu Act 28 of 1978).

in process of being executed in relation to that area on the date of the coming into force of this section, the Board shall continue and complete such execution in accordance with section 27 of the aforesaid Act].

CHAPTER VIII.

ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF LAND.

Power to acquire land Board for any of the purposes of this Act may be acquired under the under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Central Act I of 1894).

Power to purchase or lease by agreement.

71. The Board may enter into agreement with any person, for the acquisition from him by purchase, lease or exchange, of any land or any interest therein which may be acquired under section 70:

Provided that if the value of such land or interest exceeds fifty thousand rupees, the Board shall not enter into such agreement without the previous approval of the Government.

Power to dispose of land.

- 72. (1) The Board may retain or may lease, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of any land vested in or acquired by it under this Act.
- (2) Whenever the Board decides to lease or sell any land acquired by it under this Act from any person, it—
- (a) shall give notice by advertisement in one of the leading local newspapers in the State, and
- (b) shall offer to the said person, or his heirs, executors or administrators, a prior right to take on lease or to purchase such land for an amount or at a rate to be fixed by the Board, if the Board considers that such an offer can be made without detriment to the carrying out of the purposes of this Act.

bean when the case two or more persons, claim to have the prior right referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (2), preference shall be given to the person who agrees to pay the highest amount or rate for the land, not being less than the amount or rate fixed by the Board under that clause.

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CHAPTER IX.

LEVY, ASSESSMENT AND RECOVERY OF BETTERMENT FEE.

73. (1) When by the execution of a housing or improve- Payment of ment scheme, any land in the area comprised in the scheme betterment which is not required for the execution thereof will, in the opinion of the Board, be increased in value, the Board, in framing the scheme, may declare that betterment fee shall be payable by the owner of the land or any person, having an interest therein in respect of the increase in value of the land resulting from the execution of the and service of the service of the state of the state of the service of the servic

- (2) Such increase in value shall be the amount by which the value of the land on the completion of the execution of the scheme estimated as if the land were clear of buildings, exceeds the value of the land prior pothe execution of the scheme estimated in the like manner and the betterment fee shall be one-third of such increase in value. processing in an including
- (3) The Board may, with the previous approval of the Government, declare that such betterment fee shall also be payable in respect of any land not comprised in the scheme but is adjacent to the area comprised in the scheme if such land will be increased in value consequent on the execution of a housing or improvement scheme in the area comprised in the scheme:

Provided that the Board shall, before declaring that any betterment fee shall be payable under this sub-section, serve a notice in such form as may be prescribed, on every person whose name appears in the assessment list of the local authority concerned as being primarily liable to pay property tax on any building or land in regard to which the Board proposes to declare that such betterment fee shall be payable and thereupon the provisions of sub-sections (2), (3) and (4) of section 51 shall apply to every notice served under this proviso.

Assessment of betterment fee by the Board and notice to persons liable to such fee.

- 74. (1) When it appears to the Board that a housing or improvement scheme is sufficiently enable the amount of the betterment fee to be determined, the Board shall by a resolution passed in this behalf declare that for the purpose of determining such fee the execution of the scheme shall be deemed to have been completed and shall thereupon give notice in writing to every person on whom a notice in respect of land to be assessed has been served under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 51, or to the successor in interest person, as the case may be, that the Board proposes to assess the amount of the betterment fee payable in respect of such land under section 73.
- (2) The Board shall then assess the amount of betterment fee payable by each person concerned, after giving such person an opportunity to be heard and such person shall, within one month from the date of receipt of notice: in writing of such assessment from the Board inform the Board in writing whether or not he accepts the assessment.
- (3) When the assessment proposed by the Board is accepted by the person concerned within the period specified in sub-section (2), such assessment shall be final.
- (4) If the person concerned does not accept the assessment made by the Board or fails to inform the Board as required under sub-section (2) within the period specified therein, the matter shall be referred to the Tribunal.
- (5) The Tribunal shall, after holding an inquiry, and after hearing the person concerned, assess the amount of betterment fee payable by the person.

Board to give notice to to payment of betterment fee.

75. When the amount of all betterment fees payable in respect of land in the area comprised in the scheme and persons liable in respect of land not comprised in the scheme area but is adjacent to the area comprised in the scheme referred to in sub-section (3) of section 73 has been determined under section 74, the Board shall, by a notice in writing to be served on all persons liable to such payment, fix a date by which such payments shall be made, and interest at the rate of four and a half per cent per annum upon any amount outstanding shall be payable from that date:

> Provided that any person liable as aforesaid may make payment, if he so chooses, in such number of annual instalmer is not exceeding ten as the Board may determine.

- 76. (1) Any person liable to pay a betterment fee in Agreement respect of any land may, at his option, instead of paying to make the same to the Board, execute an agreement with the betterment fee a charge. Board to leave the payment outstanding as a charge on on land. his interest in the land, subject to the annual payment in perpetuity of interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, the first annual payment of such interest to be made one year from the date referred to in section 75.
- (2) Every payment due from any person in respect of a betterment fee and every charge referred to in sub-section (1) shall, notwithstanding anything contained in any other enactment and notwithstanding the existence of any mortgage, or other charge whether legal or equitable, created either before or after the commencement of this Act, be the first charge upon the interest of such person in such land subject to the prior payment of land revenue, if any, due to the Government on such land.
- (3) If any instalment of interest due under an agreement executed in pursuance of sub-section (1) be not paid on the date on which it is due, the betterment fee shall become payable on that date, in addition to the said instalment.
- (4) At any time after an agreement has been executed in pursuance of sub-section (1) any person may pay off the charge created thereby, with the interest due up to the date of such payment.
- (5) When an agreement in respect of any land has been executed by any person in pursuance of sub-section (1), no suit with respect to such agreement shall be brought against the Board by any other person (except an heir, executor or administrator of the person first aforesaid) claiming to have an interest in the land.
- 77. All moneys payable in respect of any land by any Recovery of person in respect of a betterment fee under section 73 or payable in section 75 or by any person under an agreement executed in pursuance of pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 76 shall, together sections 73, with interest due up to the date of realization, be recoverable 75 and 76. by the Board from the said person or his successor in interest in such land, as an arrear of land revenue.

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Agreement or payment of betterfresh declaration.

78. If any land in respect of which the payment of a betterment fee has been accepted in pursuance of subment fee not section (3) of section 74 or in respect of which an agreement to bar acqui- regarding the betterment fee has been executed under sition under section 76, be subsequently required for any of the purposes of this Act, the payment or agreement shall not be deemed to prevent the acquisition of the land under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Central Act I of 1894).

Apportionment of betterment fee in certain cases.

1[78-A. Where any betterment fee is levied or recovered under the provisions of this Chapter in respect of any land in the Madras Metropolitan Area within the meaning of the Madras Metropolitan Water Supply and Sewerage Act, 1978, and if any such fee or any part thereof is in relation to provision for or improvement of water supply or sewerage services or matters connected therewith, the Board shall pay over to the Madras Metropolitan Water Supply and Sewerage Board constituted under the aforesaid Act such fee or part thereof:

Provided that if there is any doubt or dispute about the amount to be so paid over, the matter shall be referred to the Government whose decision thereon shall be final.]

CHAPTER X.

CONSTITUTION OF TRIBUNAL AND ITS FUNCTIONS.

Constitution for certain purposes.

- 79. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the of a Tribunal Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Central Act I of 1894), the Government may constitute a Tribunal for the purpose of performing the functions of the court with reference to the acquisition of land for the Board under the said Act, for deciding disputes relating to levy or assessment of betterment fee and for deciding such other matters as may be prescribed.
 - (2) The Tribunal shall consist of one person only who shall be a judicial officer not below the rank of Subordinate Judge.

¹ This section was inserted by clause (2) of part IV of the Schedule to the Madras Metropolitan Water Supply and Sewerage Act, 1978 (Tamil Nadu Act 28 of 1478).

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(3) The Tribulial shall have the same powers as are sted in a Civil Coult inder the Code of Civil Procedure, code (Central Act V of 1908).

in the section over the section of the land, so we had

- socoeding so the stand is situated as given 80. The Tribunal may, with the previous sanction of the Officers and Government, appoint such officers and servants as it servants of considers necessary for carrying on its business, and the the Tribunal. remuneration and other conditions of service of such officers and servants shall be such as may be prescribed.
- RON BOARD GRADE WORLS 81. The amount necessary for the payment of remunera- Payments by on, salaries, allowances and other contributions payable Board on the judicial officer appointed as the Tribunal and of account of e officers and servants of the Tribunal shall be paid out Tribunal. the funds of the Board.
- Brown to a paid the 82. (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Appeals Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Central Act I of 1894), from awards the award of the Tribunal in relation to the acquisition of Tribunal. of land shall be deemed to be the award of the court under the said Act.
- (2) Any person who does not agree to the amount of the compensation awarded by the Tribunal for the land acquired for the Board under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Central Act I of 1894), or to the persons to whom it is payable or to the apportionment of the compensation among those persons may, within sixty days from the date of the award of the Tribunal, prefer an appeal to the High Court:

Provided that the High Court may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of sixty days, if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

(3) Any award of the Tribunal referred to in sub-section (1) shall, subject to sub-section (2), and any decision of the Tribunal on any matter referred to it under this Act shall be final and shall not be liable to be questioned in any court of law.

Awards and)
orders of
Tribunal to
be executed
by civil
courts.

83. Every award of the Tribunal and every order made by the Tribunal for the payment of money for the delivery of possession or removal of any structure shall be enforced in the Presidency Town, by the Madras City Civil Court, and elsewhere by the Subordinate Judge's Court having jurisdiction over the area in which the land concerned in the proceeding of the Tribunal is situated as if it were the decree of the said court.

CHAPTER XI.

POWER TO EVICT PERSONS FROM BOARD PREMISES

Power to evict certain persons from Board premises.

- 84. (1) If the competent authority is satisfied—
- (a) that the person authorised to occupy any Board premises has—
- (i) not paid rent lawfully due from him in respect of such premises for a period of more than two months; or
- (ii) sub-let, without the permission of the Board, the whole or any part of such premises; or
- (iii) otherwise acted in contravention of any of the terms, express or implied, under which he is authorised to occupy such premises; or
- (b) that any person is in unauthorized occupation of any Board premises,

the competent authority may, notwithstanding anything contained in ary law for the time being in force, by notice served (i) by registered post, or (ii) by affixing a copy of it on the outer door or some other conspicuous part of such premises, or (iii) in such other manner as may be prescribed, order that the person authorised to occupy as well as any other person who may be in occupation of the whole or any part of the premises shall vacate them within one month of the date of the service of the notice.

(2) Before an order under sub-section (1) is made against any person, the competent authority shall inform the person, by notice in writing and served in the

iner provided for service of notice under sub-section of the grounds for which the proposed order is to nade and give him a reasonable opportunity to fing an explanation and producing evidence, if and to show cause why such order should not be de within a period to be specified in such notice.

- (3) The competent authority may, on application, intextension of the period specified in such notice such terms as to payment and recovery of the nount claimed in the notice as he deems fit.
- (4) Any written statement put in by such person d documents produced in pursuance of such notice all be filled with the records of the case, and such ison shall be entired to appear in the preceeding ther in person or by pleader.
- order made under sub-section (1), the competent athority may evict that person from, and take possision (f, the premises and may for that purpose se such force as may be necessary.
- (6) If a person, who has been ordered to vacate my premises under sub-clause (i) or (iii) of clause (i) of sub-section (l) within one month of the date of service of the notice or such longer time as the important authority may allow, pays to the Board me rent in arrears or carries out or otherwise in of the terms contravened by him to the disfaction of the competent authority, as the case in the competent authority shall, in lieu of icting such person under sub-section (5), cancel its der made under sub-section (l), and thereupon chaperson shall hold the premises on the same terms which he held them immediately before such office was served on him.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section and section 85, the expression "unauthorized occupation" in relation to any person authorised to occupy my Board premises, includes the continuance in occupation by him or by any person claiming through or ider him of the premises after the authority under hich he was allowed to occupy the premises has an duly determined.

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Power to recover rent or damage

85. (1) Subject to any rules made by the Government in this behalf and without prejudice to the provisions as arrears of of section 84, where any p rson is in arrears of rent land revenue payable in respects of any Board promises, the competent authority may by notice served; (i) by registered post or (ii) by affixing a copy of it on the outer door or some other conspicuous part of such premises, or (iii) in such other manner as may of prescribed, order that person to pay the same within such time not being less than ten days as may be specified in the notice. If such person refuses or fails to pay the arrears of rent within the time specified in the notice, such arrears may be recovered as arrears of land revenue.

- (2) Where any person is in unauthorized occupation of any Board premises, the competent authority may, in the prescribed menner, assess such damages on account of the use and occupation of the premises as it may deem fit, and may by notice served in the manner provided for service of notice under sub-section (1), order that person to pay the damages within such time as may be specified in the notice. If any person refuses or fails to pay the damages within the time specified in the notice, the damages may be recovered from him as arrears of land revenue.
- (3) No order shall be made under sub-section (2) until after the issue of a notice in writing to the person calling on him to showcause, within such period as may be specified in such notice, way such order should not be made, and until his objections, if any, and any evidence he may produce in support of the same have been considered by the competent authority.

Appeal.

86. (1) Any person aggrieved by an order of the competent authority under section 84 or 85 may, within one month from the date of service of the notice of such order, prefer an appeal to the Government:

Provided that the Government may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of one month if they are satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

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- (2) On receipt of an appeal under sub-section (1), the Government may, after calling for a report from the competent authority and after making such further inquiry, if any, as may be necessary, pass such orders as they think fit and the order of the Government shall be final.
- (3) On such appeal being preferred, the Government may stay the execution of the order of the competent au hority for such period and on such conditions as they think fit.
- 87. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 84, any person who is an employee of the Government or a local authority and who has been allotted any Board premises may execute an agreement in favour of the Board providing that the Government or the local authority, as the case may be, under or by whom he is employed shall be competent to deduct from the salary or wages payable to him such amount as may be specified in the agreement and to pay the amount so deducted to the Board in satisfaction of the rent due by h m in respect of the Board premises allotted to him.

Rent to be .. overed from deductions from salary or wages in certain cases.

- (2) On the execution of such agreement, the Government or local authority, as the case may be, shall, if so required by the B ard by requisit on in writing, make the deduction of the amount pecified in the requisition from the salary or wages of the employee specified in the requisition in accordance with the agreement and pay the amount so deducted to the Board.
- 88. No order made by the Government or the competent authority n the exercise of any power conferred by or under his Chapter shall be called in question of courts. in any court and no injunction shall be granted by any court or other authority in respect of any action aken or to be taken in pursuance of any power conferred by or under this Chapter.

jurisdiction

CHAPTER XII.

FINANCE.

Beard's fund.

- 89. (1) The Board shall have its own fund.
- (2) The Board may accept grants, subventions, donations and gifts from the Central or State Government or a local authority, or any individual or body, whether incorporated or not, for all or any of the purposes of this Act.
- (3) All moneys received by or on behalf of the Board by virtue of this Act, all proceeds of land or any other kind of property sold by the Board, all rents and all interest, profis, and other moneys accuring to the Board shall constitute the fund of the Board.
- (4) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (5), all moneys and receipts specified in the foregoing provisons and forming part of the fund of the Board shall be deposited into the public accounts of the Government under such detailed head of account as may be prescribed and the said account shall be operated upon by such officers of the Board as may be authorized by the Board and in such manner as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Board may invest any sums not required for immediate use in such securities or debentures as may be approved by the Government.

(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection (4), the Board may deposit in the Reserve Ballof India or in any scheduled bank any amount not exceeding such sum as may be prescribed for the operation of an account with such bank and such account shall be operated upon by such officers of the Board as may be authorized by the Board and in such manner as may be prescribed.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the Reserve Bank of India shall mean the Reserve Bank of India constituted under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (Central Act II of 1934) and a scheduled bank shall mean a bank included in the Second Schedule to the said Act.

90. The Government may, from time to time, m ke Subventions subventions or advance loans to the Board for the Board. purposes of this Act on such terms and conditions as the Government may determine.

- 91. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Board Board to may, from time to time, with the previous approval borrow and of the Government, borrow money required for the lend. purposes of this Act from the public or from any corporation owned or controlled by the Central or State Government.
- (2) Whenever the borrowing of any sum of money has been approved by the Government, the Board may, instead of borrowing such sum or any part thereof from the public, take credit from any bank or any corporation owned or controlled by the Central or State Government on a cash account to be kept in the name of the Board to the extent of such sum or part there of, and may, with the previous sanction of the Government grant mortgages of all or any of the properties vested in the Board by way of security for such credit.
- (3) Subject to such conditions and limitations as may be prescribed and with the previous approval of the Government, the Board may, for the promotion and execution of any housing or improvement scheme under this Act, enter into financial arrangements with any bank or other financial institutions approved by the Government or with the Life Insurance Corpora-tion of India established under section 3 of the Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956 (Central Act 31 of 1956).
- (4) Subject to the provisions of this Act, and to such conditions and limitations as may be prescribed. the Board may out of its funds grant loans and advances on such terms and conditions as it may cetermine, to any co-operative society registered or deemed

to be registered under the law relating to co-operative scieties for the time being in force in the [State of Tamil Nadu] or to any other person for the construction of houses.

Guarantee by Government may guarantee in such manner as they think fit, the payment of the principal and interest of any loans proposed to be raised by the B and on debenures or of either the principal or the interest:

provide that the Government shall, so long as any such guarantee are i force, lay before both Houses of the Legislature in every year during the budget session, a statement of the guarantee, if any, given during the current year and an up-to-date account of the total sums, if any, which have been paid out of the Cons lidated fund of the State by reason of any such guarantees or paid into the said Fund towards repayment of any money so paid out.

Form, signature, exchano debenture, the debenture shall be in such form as ge, transfer the Board may with the previous sanctio of the and effect of Government specify.

- (2) All debentures shall be signed by the Chairman and either by the Secretary or by any one of the exofficio members of the Board.
- (3) The holder of any debenture in any form specified under sub-section (1) may obtain in exchange therefor a debenture in any other form specified in the manner provided in sub-section (1) and upon such terms as the Board may determine.
- (4) Every debenture issued by the Board shall be transferable by endorsement, unless some other mode of transfer is specified therein.

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¹ This expression was substituted for the expression "State of Madras" by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1969, as amended by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws (Second Amendment) order, 1969.

- (5) All coupons attached to debentures issued under this Act shall bear the signature of the Chairman; and such signature may be engraved, lithographed, or impressed by any mechanical process.
- 94. When any debenture or security issued or granted Payments to under this Act is payable to two or more persons jointly, survivors of and either or any of them dies, then notwithstanding joint payees. anything contained in section 45 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 (Central Act IX of 1872) the debenture or security shall be payable to the survivor or survivors or such persons:

Provided that nothing in this section shall affect any claim by the representative of the deceased person against such survivor or survivors.

95. Where two or more persons are joint holders of any Receipt by joint holder debenture or security issued or granted under this Act, for interest any payment made to the first mentioned person there- or devidend. in of a y dividend or interest payable in respect of such debenture or security shall be a full discharge of the liability of the Board in respect cf such divide d or interest.

- 96. All payments due from the Board for interest on, Priority of or the repayment of loans, shall be made in priority to payments for all other payments due from the Board. repayment of loans.
- 9. Every loan taken by the Board shall be revaid by the Repayment Board within the period agreed upon by the Board and of loans taken subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 114 section 91. by such of the following methods as may be approved by the Government, namely:-
- (a) from a sinking fund established under section 98 in respect of the loan; or
- (b) by paying in equal yearly or half-yearly instalments of principal or of principal and interest, throughout the said period; or

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- (c) if the Board has, before borrowing money on debentures, reserved by public notice, a power to pay off the loan by periodical instalments and to select by lot the particular debentures to be discharged at particular periods. then, by paying such instalments at such periods; or
 - (d) from money borrowed for the purpose: or
- (e) partly from the sinking fund established under section 98 in respect of the loan, and partly from money borrowed for the purpose.

Establishment and maintenance of sinking funds.

- 98. (1) Whenever a loan has to be repaid from a sinking fund, the Board shall establish such a fund and shall pay into it every year until the loan is repaid, a sum so calculated that if regularly paid, throughout the period agreed upon by the Board, it would, with accumulations in the way of compound interest, be sufficient, after payment of all expenses, to pay off the loan at the end of that period.
- (2) The rate of interest on the basis of which the sum referred to in sub-section (1) shall be calculated shall be such as may be prescribed.

Power to payments into sinking fund.

99. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 98. discontinue if at any time the sum standing at credit of the sinking fund established for repayment of any loan is of such amount that if allowed to accumulate at the rate of interest prescribed under sub-section (2) of that section, it will be sufficient to repay the loan at the end of the period agreed upon by the Board, then the Board may discontinue further annual payment into such fund.

Investment of sinking fund.

- 100. (1) All moneys paid into any sinking fund shall, as soon as possible, be invested by the Board in-
 - (a) Government securities; or
- (b) securities guaranteed by the Central or State Government; or
 - (c) debentures issued by any local authority; or
- (d) debentures issued by the trustees of the Port of Madras; or
 - (e) debentures issued by the Board,

in the joint names of the ¹[Examiner of Local Fund Accounts, Tamil Nadu], and the ²[Accountant-General, Tamil Nadu], to be held by them in trust for the repayment of the loan for which the sinking fund was established.

- (2) All dividends and other sums received in respect of any such investment shall, as soon as possible after receipt, be paid into the sinking fund and invested in the manner laid down in sub-section (1).
- (3) Any investment made under this section may, from time to time, subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), be varied or transposed.
- 101. The two trustees referred to in sub-section (1) Application of section 100 in whose names any sinking fund is invested may, from time to time, apply the same, or any part thereof, in or towards the discharge of the loan or any part of the loan for which such sinking fund was established; and until such loan is wholly discharged, shall not apply the same for any other purpose.

102. (1) The two trustees referred to in sub-section Annual (1) of section 100 shall, at the end of every year, transmit statement by to the Chairman a statement showing—

trustees.

- (a) the amount which has been invested during the year under section 100;
- (b) the date of the last investment made previous to the transmission of the statement;
- (c) the aggregate amount of the securities held by Telegration of the second them:
- (d) the aggregate amount which has, up to the date of the statement, been applied under section 101 in or towards repaying loans; and

¹ This expression was substituted for the expression "Examiner of Local Fund Accounts, Madras" by paragraph 3(1) of, and the Schedule to, the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1970.

² This expression was substituted for the expression "Accountant-General, Madras" by paragraph 3(2), ibid.

- (e) the aggregate amount already paid into each sinking find.
- (2) Every such statement shall be laid before the Board and published in the *Fort St. George Gazette.
- Annual examination of examine the said sinking funds every year and ascertain sinking whether the cash and current value of the securities funds at credit of such funds are actually equal to the amount which would have accumulated, had investments been regularly made and had the rate of interest as originally estimated been obtained therefrom.
 - (2) The Board shall forthwith pay into any sinking fund any amount which the Accountant-General may certify to be the deficiency therein after examination as aforesaid, unless the Government specially sanction a gradual readjustment.

Estimates of 104. (1) The Chairman shall, at a special meeting income and to be held in the month of February in each year, lay expenditure before the Board an estimate of the income and expento be laid diture of the Board for the next ensuing year.

fore the Board

- (2) Every such estimate shall make provision for the due fulfilment of all the liabilities of the Board, and for the efficient administration of this Act.
- (3) Every such estimate shall differentiate capital and revenue funds, and shall be prepared in such form, and shall contain such details, as the Government may, from time to time, prescribe.
- (4) Every such estimate shall be completed and printed and a copy thereof sent, by post or otherwise to each member at least ten clear days before the date of the meeting at which the estimate is to be laid before the Board.

This expression was substituted for the expression "AccountntGeneral, Madras" by paragraph 3(2) of the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1970.

^{*}Now the Tamil Nadu Gorammont Gazette.

- (5) A revised budget, if any, including all the expenditure not covered in the original budget estimate, shall be laid before the Board at a special meeting to be held in the month or December in each year.
- 105. The Board shall consider every estimate so 1 id Sanction of before it and shall sanction the same, either withou modi-the Board to fication or with such modification as it may think fit.
- 106. (1) Every such estimate, as sanctioned by he Approval of Board, shall be submitted to the Government who may, Government at any time within three months after receipt of the same—
 - (a) approve the estimate, or
- (b) disallow the estimate or any portion thereof, and return the estimate to the Board for amendment.
- (2) If any estimate is so returned to the Board, it shall forthwith proceed to amend it and shall resubmit the estimate as amended to the Government who may then approve it.
- 107. (1) The Board may, at any time, during the year Supplementfor which any estimate has been sanctioned, cause a sup-ary estimate. plementary estimate to be prepared and laid before it at a special meeting.
- (2) The provisions of sub-sections, (3) and (4) of section 104 and of sections 105 and 106 shall apply to every supplementary estimate.
- the Board unless the expenditure of the same is covered by to estimate a current budget grant or can be met by a reappropriation and maintenance of by drawing on the closing balance.
- (2) The closing balance shall not be reduced below such limit as may be fixed in this behalf by the Government, from time to time.
- (3) The following items shall be exempted from the provisions of sub-sections (1) and (2), namely:—
- (a) refund of moneys belonging to contractors or other persons held in deposit, and of moneys collected by, or credited to, the Board by mistake;

- (b) payments due under a decree or order of a court or under an award of the Tribunal;
- (c) sums payable under a compromise of any suit or other legal proceeding or claim effected under this Act;
- (d) sums payable under this Act by way of compensation; and
- (e) payments required to meet any pressing emergency.
- (4) Whenever any sum exceeding ten thousand rupees is expended under clause (e) of sub-section (3), the Chairman shall forthwith report the circumstances to the Board explaining how it is proposed to cover the expenditure.
- Definition of 109. (1) The expression "cost of management" as "cost of used in the following sections in this Chapter means—management".
 - (a) the salary and house-rent and conveyance allowance, if any, of the Chairman, Secret ry, the Housing Board Engineer, and any other allowances and any contributions payable to or in respect of them;
 - (b) the salaries, fees and allowances and contributions paid in respect of officers and servants of the Board referred to in sections 8, 9, 16, 18 and 21;
 - (c) the remunerations of other employees of the Board except employees who are paid by the day or whose pay is charged to temporary work;
 - (d) all payments made under section 81 on account of the Tribunal; and
 - (e) all office expenses incurred by the Board or the Tribunal.
 - (2) The expression "office expenses" in clause (e) of sub-section (1) means expenses incurred for carrying on office work, and includes the rent of office buildings, the provision of furniture therefor, charges for printing and stationery, catering charges incurred in connection with meetings and conferences held by or on behalf of the Board and contributions towards welfare and recreation of the Board's staff.

- 110. (1) The Board shall keep a capital account and a Keeping of capital account.

 The Board shall keep a capital account and a Keeping of capital account and revenue
- (2) The capital account shall show separately all account expenditure incurred by the Board on each housing or improvement scheme.
 - 111. There shall be credited to the capital account—Credits to capital
- of betterment fees under this Act;
- (b) all moneys received on account of loans taken by the Board in pursuance of this Act;
- (c) all moneys received as grants by the Board for purposes of this Act, from the Central or State Government;
- (d) all moneys received by the Board on account of repayment of loans and advances granted under section 91:
- to the Board which was purchased of any such loans or grants;
- advance from the revenue account, the portion of the proceeds of the sale of such land which remains after crediting to the revenue account the amount of such advance;
- (g) the proceeds of the sale of any movable property (including securities for money invested from the capital account) belonging to the Board;
- (h) all lump-sums received from any Government in aid of the capital account;
- (i) all moneys received by the Board in connection with leases for any term exceeding forty years;
- (j) all sums, if any, which the Government direct, under sub-section (2) of section 114, to be credited to the capital account; and

(k) all moneys realised from the sale of securities by direction of the Government under section 115.

Application of capital account.

- 112. The moneys credited to the capital account shall be held by the Board in trust and shall be applied to—
- (a) meeting all costs of framing and executing housing or improvement schemes;
- (b) meeting the cost of acquiring lands for carrying out any of the purposes of this Act;
- (c) meeting the cost of constructing buildings required for carrying cut any of the purposes of this Act;
- (d) the repayment of loans from money borrowed in pursuance of this Act;
- (e) granting of loans and advances under section 91:
- (f) making payments in pursuance of section 148 otherwise than for interests or for expenses of maintenance of working;
- (g) making or contributing towards the cost of surveys in pursuance of section 1-16;
- (h) meeting such proportion of the cost of management as may be prescribed by the Board; and
- (i) temporarily making good the deficit, if any, in the revenue account at the end of any year.

Credits to revenue account.

- 113. There shall be credited to the revenue account—
- (a) all interest received in pursuance of section 76 or section 77;
- (b) all annually recurring sums received from the Central or State Government in aid of the funds of the Board:
- (c) all compensations received by the Board under section 131;

- (d) all moneys received by the Board in connection with leases for any term not exceeding forty years;
 - (e) all rents of land vested in the Board;
 - (f) all rents of buildings vested in the Board;
- (g) the supervision and centage charges obtained by the Board under section 67;
- (h) all interest on loans and advances granted by the Board under section 91; and
- (i) all other receipts by the Board which are not required by section 111 to be credited to the capital account.
- 114. (1) The moneys credited to the revenue account Applications of revenue shall be held by the Board in trust, and shall be applied account.
- (a) payment of all charges or payments towards interest or sinking fund due on account of any loan taken in pursuance of this Act, and all other charges incurred in connection with such loans;
- (b) payment of all sums due from the Beard in respect of rates and taxes imposed by the local authority concerned, upon the land vested in the Board;
- (c) payment of cost, if any, of maintaining a separate establishment for the collection of rents and other proceeds of land vested in the Board;
- (d) payment of all sums towards the cost of establishment of the Tribunal under section 81;
- (e) payment of all sums which the Government may direct to be paid to any auditor under section 121;
- (f) payment of the cost of the management excluding such proportion thereof as may be debited to the capital account under clause (h) of section 112; and

(g) payment of all other sums due from the Board, other than those which are required by section 112 to be disbursed from the capital account.

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(2) The surplus, if any, remaining after making the payments referred to in sub-section (1) shall, subject to the maintenance of a closing balance as required by sub-section (2) of section 108, be invested in the manner laid down in section 100 towards the service of any loans outstanding after the expiry of sixty years from the commencement of this Act, unless the Government otherwice direct.

Power to direct sale of securities sub-section (2) of section 114 has been invested, the Board in which is satisfied that the investment is not needed for the service any surplus of any loan referred to in that sub-section, the Board may, of the revenue accounts is invested.

Advances 116. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in from revenue section 114, the Board may advance any sum standing account to at the credit of the revenue account for the purpose of meeting capital expenditure.

(2) Every such advance shall be refunded to the revenue account as soon as may be practicable.

Advance from capital account to revenue account.

- 117. (1) Any deficit in the revenue account at the end of any year may be made good by an advance from the carital account after obtaining the approval of the Government.
- (2) Every such advance shall be refunded to the capital account in the following year.

Submission
of abstracts
of accounts
to
Government.

118. At the end of every year, the Board shall submit to the Government an abstract of the accounts of its receipts and expenditure for such year.

Annual audit of accounts.

119. The accounts of the Board shall be examined and audited once in every year by such auditor as the Government may appoint in this behalf.

HALF CONTRACTOR TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT 120. The said auditor may—

Powers of auditor.

- by summons in writing require production of any document, the perusal or examination of which he believes necessary for the elucidation of the accounts:
- (b) by summons in writing require any person who has the custody or control of any such document or who is accountable therefor to appear in person before him: and
- (c) require any person so appearing to make and sign a declaration with respect to such document or to answer any question or to prepare and furnish any statement relating thereto.
- 121. The Board shall pay to the said auditor such Remuneraremuneration as the Government may direct. tion of auditor.

122. (1) The said auditor shall—

Reports and Board.

- (a) report to the Board and to the Government information any material impropriety or irregularity which he may hed by auditobserve in the expenditure, or in the recovery of moneys or to the due to the Board, or in the accounts;
- (b) furnish to the Board such information as it may, from time to time, require concerning the progress of his audit:
- (c) report to the Chairman any loss or waste of money or other property owned by or vested in the Board caused by neglect or misconduct, with the names of persons directly or indirectly responsible for such loss or waste; and
- (d) submit to the Chairman a final statement of audited accounts, together with a report on the result of the audit, and duplicate copies thereof to the Government, within a period of three months from the end of the year or within such other period as the Government may allow in that behalf.
- (2) (a) The said auditor may disallow every item contrary to law and surcharge the same on the person making or authorizing the making of the illegal payment; and may charge against any person responsible

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therefor the amount of any deficiency or loss incurred by the negligence or misconduct of that person or of any sum which ought to have been, but is not, brought into account by that person and shall, in every such case, certify, the amount due from such person.

Explanation.—It shall not be open to any person whose negligence or misconduct has caused or contributed to any such deficiency or loss to contend that notwithstanding his negligence or misconduct the deficiency or loss would not have occurred bu for the negligence or misconduct of some other person.

- (b) The said auditor shall state in writing the reasons for his decision in respect of every disallowance, surcharge or charge and furnish a copy thereof by registered post to the person against whom it is made.
- (c) If the person to whom a copy of the decison is so furnished refuses to receive it, he sh ll nevertheless be deemed to have been duly furnished with the copy, within the meaning of clause (b); and the period of fourteen days fixed in sub-sections (3) and (4) shall be calculated from the date of such refusal.
- (3) Any person aggrieved by a disallowance, surcharge or charge made under sub-section (2) may, within fourteer days after he has been furnished with a copy of the decision of the auditor either (a) apply, in the Presidency town, to the Madras City Civil Court and elsewhere, to the Court of the Subordinate Judge to set aside such disallowance, surcharge or charge, in which case the Court may, after taking such evidence as it thinks necessary, confirm, modify, or remit such disallowance, surcharge or charge, with such orders as to costs as it may think proper in the circumstances; or (b) in lieu of such application, appeal to the Government who shall pass such orders as they think fit.
- (4) Every sum certified to be due from any person by the auditor under this Act shall be paid by such person to the Board within fourteen days after he has been furnished with a copy of the decision of the auditor unless within that time such person has applied to the Court or appealed to the Government against the decision under sub-section (3); and such sum if not paid or such sum as the Court

or the Government shall declare to be due, shall be recoverable on an application made by the Board to the Court in the same way as an amount decreed by it.

- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the Government may at any time direct that the recovery of the whole or any part of the amount certified to be due from any person by the auditor under this Act shall be waived if in their opinion, such a course is necessary, considering all the circumstances of the case.
- 123. The Chairman shall cause the report mentioned Auditor's in clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 122 to be printed report to be and shall forward a printed copy thereof to each member sent to each and shall bring such report before the Board for considered deration at its next meeting. by Board.
- 124. It shall be the duty of the Board to remedy Board to reforthwith any defects or irregularities that may be pointed medy defects pointed Out out by the auditor and to submit a report thereon to the by auditor Government. a d 10 submi: a report to Government.
- 125. (1) The accounts of the Board as certified by the Accounts au auditor together with the audit report thereon shall be report to be forwarded annually to the Government and the Govern-firwarded to ment may issue such instructions to the Board in respect Government thereof as they deem fit and the Board shall comply with placing besuch instructions.

Sate Legislature.

(2) The Government shall-

- (a) cause the accounts of the Board together with the audit report thereon forwarded to them under subsection (1) to be laid an ually before the State Legislature: and
- (b) cause the accounts of the Board to be published in the prescribed manner and make available copies thereof on sale at a reasonable price

CHAPTER XIII.

PENALTIES AND PROCEDURE.

Penalty for fringes any order given, or removes any bar, chain or fence, etc., post fixed under sub-section (2) of section 62, he shall be in street. punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Penalty for building Board, erects, re-erects, adds to or alters any wall or within street building so as to make the same project into the street alignment or alignment or beyond the building line prescribed by any building line deferred street scheme, development scheme or town exmission.

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- (a) with fine which may extend, in the case of a wall or masonry building, to five hundred rupees and in any other case, to fifty rupees; and
- (b) with further fine which may extend, in the case of a wall or masonry building, to one hundred rupees and in any other case, to ten rupees for each day after the first during which the projection continues.

Penalty for 128. If any person fails to comply with any refailure to quisition made by the auditor under section 120, he shall comply with be punishable—requisition made by auditor.

- (a) with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees; and
- (b) in case of a continuing failure, with fine which may extend to fifty rupees for each day after the first during which the failure continues.

Penalty for obstructing contractor or removing mark,

129. If any person—

(a) obstructs or molests any person with whom the Chairman has entered into a contract on behalf of the Board, in the performance or execution by such person of his duty or off anything which he is empowered or required to do by virtue or in consequence of this Act of any rule or regulation made thereunder; or

- (b) removes any mark set up for the purpose of indicating any level or direction necessary to the execution of works authorized by this Act or any rule or regulation made or scheme sanctioned thereunder, he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.
- 130. Whoever contravenes any of the provisions of Penalty for this Act or of any rule or regulation made or scheme sanc-breach of the tioned thereunder shall, if no other penalty is provided provisions of for such contravention, be punishable—
- (a) with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees; and
- (b) in case of a continuing contravention, with fine which may extend to fifty rupees for each day after the first during which the contravention continues.
- ence under this Act or any rule or regulation made thereunder, the magistrate convicting such person may, on application made in this behalf by the Board or by its damage canofficer or serv nt authorized by it in this behalf, call upon used by such person forthwith to show cause as to why he should not pay compensation to the Board for the damage caused by his act or omission in respect of which he is convicted.
- (2) The magistrate shall record and consider any cause which such person may show and if the magistrate, after making such inquiry as he may think fit, is satisfied that such person is liable to pay compensation, may direct that compensation to such amount not exceeding one thousand rupees as he may determine, be paid by such person to the Board.
- (3) The amount of compensation directed to be paid under sub-section (2), shall, if it be not paid forthwith, be recovered as if it were a fine imposed by the magistrate on such person.
- 132. If any member, or any officer or servant of Punishment the Board acquires, directly or indirectly, by himself or for acquirby any partner, employer or employee, otherwise than ing share or as such member, officer or servant, any share or interest in any contract or employment with, by or on behalf of, etc., with the Board (not being a share or interest which, under the Board.

section 7, it is permissible for a member to have without being thereby disqualified for being appointed a member) he shall be deemed to have committed the offence made punishable by section 168 of the Indian Penal Code (Centr 1 Act XLV of 1860).

Procedure.

- 133. (1) No Court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act or any rule or regulation made the reunder unless complaint of such offence is made within six months next after the commission thereof.
- (2) No Court inferior to that of a *Presidency Magistrate or a Magistrate of the First Class shall try any offence punishable under this Act.
 - 134. It shall be the duty of every police officer—

Duty of police officers.

- (a) to co-operate with the Chairman for carrying into effect and enforcing the provisions of this Act or any rule made thereunder;
- (b) to communicate without delay to the proper officer or servant of the Board any information which he receives of a design to commit or of the commission of any offence against this Act or any rule made thereunder; and
- (c) to assist the Chairman or any officer or servant of the Board reasonably demanding his aid for the lawful exercise of any power vesting in the Chairman or in such officer or servant under this Act or any rule made thereunder.

Arrest of offienders.

135. (1) Any police officer not below the rank of a head constable, may arrest any person who commits, in his presence, any offence against this Act or any rule or regulation made thereunder, if

^{*}According to clauses (a) and (c) of sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Central Act 2 of 1974), any reference to a Magistrate of the first class shall be construed as a reference to a Judicial Magistrate of the first class and any reference to a Presidency Magistrate shall be construed as a reference to a Metropolitan Magistrate with effect on and from the 1st April 1974.

Chairman as to institution,

the name or address of such person be unknown to him, and if such person on demand declines to give his name or address, or gives a name or address which such officer has reason to believe to be false.

- (2) No person so arrested shall be detained in custody after his true name and address are ascertained, or for any longer time than is necessary for bringing him before a magistrate. In no case shall such desention exceed twenty-four hours from the time of arrest without the orders of a magistrate.
- 136. The Chairman may, subject to the control powers of of the Board—
- (a) institute, defend or withdraw from legal procec composition. dings under this Act or any rules or regulations made etc., of legal thereunder:

proceedings and obtai-(b) compound any offence against this Act or any ning legal rules or regulations made thereunder which, under any advice.

law for the time being in force or the rule prescribed by the Government, may lawfully be compounded;

- (c) admit, compromise or withdraw any claim made under this Act or any rules or regulations made thereunder; and
- (d) obtain such legal advice and assistance as he may. from time to time, think it necessary or expedient to obtain, or as may be desired by the Board to obtain, for any of the purposes, referred to in the foregoing clauses of this section, or for securing the lawful exercise or discharge of any power or duty vested in or imposed upon the Board or any officer or servant of the Board.
- 137. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding Protection of shall lie against the Government, the Board of any Com- action taken mittee thereof or any officer or servant of the Govern- in good faith. ment or the Board for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or any rule or regulation made thereunder.
- or any member, or any officer or servant of the Board, suit against or any person acting under the direction of the Board, or Board, etc. of the Chairman or of any officer or servant of the Board.

in respect of any act done or intended to be done under this Act or any rule or regulation made thereunder until the expiration of sixty days next after written notice has been delivered or left at the Board's office or the place of abode of such officer, servant or person, stating the cause of action, the name and place of abode of the intending plaintiff, and the relief which he claims, and the plaint must contain a statement that such notice has been so delivered or left.

Proof of 139. Whenever, under this Act or any rule or consent, etc., regulation made thereunder, the doing or the emission of Board or Chairman or to do anything or the validity of anything depends upon the approval, sanction, consent, concurrence, declaraofficer or tion, opinion, or satisfaction of servant of the Board.

- (a) the Board or the Chairman, or
- (b) any officer or servant of the Board,

a written document, signed in case (a) by the Chairman, and in case (b) by the said officer or servant, conveying or setting forth such approval, sanction, consent, concurrence, declaration, opinion or satisfaction, shall be sufficient evidence of such approval, sanction, sent, concurrence, declaration, opinion or satisfaction.

Power of val of unauthorised erections, etc., within street align• ment, etc.

- 140. (1) The Chairman may, by a written notice, require Chairman to the owner for the time being of the wall or building direct remo- referred to in section 127 to stop further work on such wall or building and to alter or demolish the same in such manner and within such time as may be specified in the notice.
 - (2) Where the alteration or demolition directed by any such notice is not carried out as directed therein, the Chairman may cause the wall or building or portion thereof to be altered or demolished, as the case may be, and he may recover the expense incurred in so doing from the owner for the time being in such manner as may be prescribed.

- 141. In any case not otherwise expressly provided for General in this Act, the Board may pay reasonable compensation power of the to any person who sustains damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers yested by or under this Act. cise of any of the powers vested by or under this Act tion. in the Board or the Chairman or any officer or servant of the Board.
- 142. Every public notice given under this Act or any Public notice rule or regulation made thereunder shall be in writing over how to be the signature of the Chairman, and shall be widely made made known. known in the locality to be affected thereby, by affixing copies thereof in conspicuous public places within the anid locality, or by publishing the same by beat of drum or by advertisement in leading daily newspapers, or by any two or more of these means, and by any other means that the Chairman may think fit. Every such notice shall also be published by affixture in the notice board of the Board's office or sub-office.
- 143. Whenever it is provided by this Act or any rule Newspapers or regulation made thereunder that notice shall be given in which by advertisement in leading daily newspapers, or that a advertisenotification or any information shall be published in ments or leading daily newspapers, such notice, notification or into be pubformation shall be inserted, if practicable, in at least one lished. English daily newspaper and two daily newspapers published in Tamil.

- 144. Every notice or bill, which is required by this Act Stamping or by any rule or regulation made thereunder to bear the signature on signature of the Chairman or any other member or of any notices or officer or servant of the Roard, shall be deemed to be probills. officer or servant of the Board, shall be deemed to be properly signed if it bears a facsimile of the signature of the Chairman or of such other member or of such offices or servant, as the case may be, stamped thereupon.
- 145. When any notice, bill or other document is re- Service how quired by this Act or any rule or regulation made there- to be effecunder to be served upon or issued or presented to any ted. person, such service, issue or presentation shall be effected-
- (a) by giving or tendering such document to such person; or

- (b) if such person is not found, by leaving such document at his last known place of abode, or by giving or tendering the same to some adult member or servant of his family: or
- (c) if his address elsewhere is known, by forwarding such document to him by registered post under cover bearing the said address: or
- (d) if none of the means aforesaid be available, by causing a copy of such document to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the building or land, if any, to which the document relates.

Power to make surveys or contribute

146. The Board may—

- (a) cause the survey of any land to be made, whenever it considers that a survey is necessary or expedient for towards their carrying out any of the purposes of this Act; or
 - (b) contribute towards the cost of any such survey made by any other local authority.

Power of entry.

- 147. (1) The Chairman or any person either generally or specially authorized by the Chairman in this may, with or without assistants or workmen, enter into or upon any land, in order—
- (a) to make any inspection, survey, measurement, valuation or inquiry;
 - (b) to take levels;
 - (c) to dig or bore into the sub-soil;
 - (d) to set out boundaries and intended lines of work:
- (e) to mark such levels, boundaries and lines by placing marks and cutting trenches; or
- (f) to do any other thing, whenever it is necessary to do so for any of the purposes of this Act or any rule or regulation made or scheme sanctioned thereunder or any scheme which the Board intends to frame thereunder:

Provided as follows:—

(a) no such entry shall be made between sunset and sunrise:

- (b) no dwelling house and no public building or hut which is used as a dwelling place, shall be so entered, except with the consent of the occupier thereof, without giving the said occupier at least twenty-four hours previous written notice of the intention is make such entry;
- (c) sufficient notice shall, in every instance, be given, even when any premises may otherwise be entered without notice, to enable the inmates of any apartment appropriated to women to remove themselves to some part of the premises where their privacy will not be disturbed;
- (d) due regard shall always be had, so far as may be compatible with the exigencies of the purpose for which this entry is made, to the social and religious usages of the occupants of the premises entered.
- (2) Whenever the Chairman or a person authorized under sub-section (1) enters into or upon any land in pursuance of that sub-section, he shall, at the time of such entry, pay or tender payment for all necessary damage to be done as aforesaid; and, in case of dispute as to the sufficiency of the amount so paid or tendered, he shall at once refer the dispute to the Board, whose decision shall be final.

CHAPTER XIV.

MISCELLANEOUS.

- 148. With a view to facilitating the movement of the Powers of the population in and around any city, town or village, the Board for facilitating movement

 (1) subject to any condition it may think fit to impose—

 of the population.
- (a) guarantee the payment, from the funds at its disposal, of such sums as it may think fit, by way of interest on capital expenditure on the construction, maintenance or working of means of locomotion; or
- (b) make such payments as it may think fit from the said funds, by way of subsidy to persons undertaking to provide, maintain and work means of locomotion: or

- (2) either singly or in combination with any other person, construct, maintain and work any means of locomotion, under the provisions of any law applicable thereto; or
- (3) construct or widen, strengthen or improve bridges:

Provided that no guarantee or subsidy shall be made under clause (1), and no means of locomotion shall be constructed, maintained or worked under clause (2), without the sanction of the Government.

Members, officers and servants of the Board. committees deemed to be public servants.

149. All members, officers and servants of the Board. the members of committees, the Tribunal and all other persons entrusted with the execution of any functions under this Act, shall be deemed, when acting or purporting and Tribunal to act in pursuance of any of the provisions of this Act, to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (Central Act XLV of 1860).

Contributions by Board towards leave at owances of servants of the Central or State Governmn & employed under this Act.

150. The Board shall be liable to pay such contributions for the leave salary, pension or provident fund of any officer or servant of the Central or State Government employed as Chairman or as an officer or servant of the and pensions Board, or as the Tribunal or as an officer or servant of the Tribunal, as the case may be, as may be required by the conditions of his service under the Central or State Government to be paid by him or on his behalf.

Board and Chairman to exercise powers and functions under ¹[Tainil Nadu] Act VII of 1920.

151. In any area in respect of which a housing or improvement scheme is in force, the Government may, by notification declare that, from such date as may be specified therein, the powers and functions exercisable by a local authority or its executive authority under the ¹[Tamil Nadu] Town-Planning Act, 1920* (¹[Tamil Nadu] Act VII of 1920) shall not be exercised by it and that

¹ These words were substituted for the word "Madras" by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1969, as amended by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws (Second Amendment) Order, 1969.

^{*} This Act has now been repealed by the Tamil Nadu Town and Country Planning Act, 1972 (Tamil Nadu Act 35 of gection 125.

subject to such restrictions and modifications, if any, as may be specified in the notification, such powers and functions shall be exercised by the Board or the Chairman, as the case may be.

- 152. In any area in respect of which a housing or Chairman to improvement scheme is in force, the Government may, by exercise notification, declare that for the period during which such powers and scheme remains in force and subject to such restrictions functions of and modifications, if any, as may be specified in the local authonomotification, the powers and functions exercisable by a local authority or its executive authority under the enactment constituting such local authority shall be exercised by the Board or the Chairman, as the case may be.
- 153. The Chairman shall, if so directed by the Govern-Supply of ment, forward to them a copy of all the papers which were decuments laid before the Board for consideration at any meeting and information to and furnish any return, statement, estimate, statistics, the Governor other information regarding any matter under the ment, control of the Board, a report of any such matter and copy of any documents in charge of the Chairman.
- 154. (1) As soon as may be after the first day of Submission April in every year and not later than such date as may be of adminisfixed by the Government, the Board shall submit to the tration Government a detailed report of the administration during report to the preceding year in such form as the Government may direct.
- (2) The Chairman shall prepare such report and the Board shall consider the report and forward the same to the Government with its resolutions thereon, if any.
- 155. (1) The Government may give the Board such directions as in their opinion are necessary or expedient Government for carrying out the purposes of this Act, after giving an to give opportunity to the Board to state its objections, if any, directions to to such directions and after considering the said objections; the Board and it shall thereupon be the duty of the Board to comply with such directions.
- (2) The Government may give any local authority such directions as in their opinion are necessary or expedient for enabling the Board to carry out the purposes of this Act, after giving an opportunity to the local authority concerned to state its objections, if any, to such directions

and after considering the said objections; and it shall thereupon be the duty of the local authority to comply with such directions.

Supersession

156. (1) If the Government are of opinion that the of the Board. Board is unable to perform, or has persistently made default in the performance of, the duty imposed on it by or under this Act or has exceeded or abused its powers, they may, by notification, supersede the Board for such period as may be specified in the notification:

> Provided that before issuing a notification under this sub-section, the Government shall by notice require the Board to show cause within such period as may be specified in the notice why it should not be superseded and consider the explanations and objections, if any, of the Board.

- (2) Upon the publication of a notification under sub-section (1) superseding the Board,—
- (a) the Chairman and all the members of the Board shall, as from the date of supersession, vacate their offices as such:
- (b) all the powers and duties which may, by or under the provisions of this Act, be exercised or performed by or on behalf of the Board and the Chairman, shall, during the period of supersession, be exercised and performed by such authority or person as the Government may direct;
- (c) all funds and other property vested in the Board shall, during the period of supersession, vest in the authority or person referred to in clause (b); and
- (d) all liabilities, legally subsisting and enforceable against the Board shall be enforceable against the authority or person referred to in clause (b) to the extent the funds and properties vested in it or him.
- (3) On the expiration of the period of supersession specified in the notification issued under sub-section. (1), the Government may,—
- (a) extend the period of supersession for such further period as they may consider necessary; or

- (b) reconstitute the Board in the manner provided in section 4.
- 157. (1) If the Government are of opinion that Dissolution the Board has failed to carry out its functions of the Board. under this Act or that for any other reason it is not necessary to continue the Board, they may, by notification, dissolve the Board from such date as may be specified in the notification.
- (2) Upon the publication of a notification under sub-section (1) dissolving the Board—
- (a) the Chairman and all the members of the Board shall, as from the date of dissolution, vacate their effices as such;
- (b) all the powers and duties which may, Up or under the provisions of this Act, be exercised and performed by or on behalf of the Board and the Chairman shall, as from the date of dissolution, be exercised and performed by the Government or such authority or person as they may appoint in this behalf;
- (c) all funds and other property vested in the Board shall vest in the Government; and
- (d) all liabilities, legally subsisting and enforceable, against the Board shall be enforceable against the Government to the extent of the funds and properties vested in them.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall affect the liability of the Government in respect of debentures guaranteed under section 92.
- 158. The Board shall be deemed to be a The Board local authority for the purposes of the Land Acquisito be a local tion Act, 1894 (Central Act I of 1894), and the Local authority under Authorities Loans Act, 1914 (Central Act IX of 1914). Central Act I of 1894 and Central Act IX of 1514.

Power to remove difficulties.

- 159. (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government may, as occasion may require, by order, do anything which appears to them necessary or proper for the purpose of removing the difficulty.
- (2) Every order issued under sub-section (1) shall, as soon as possible after it is issued, be placed on the table of both Houses of the Legislature, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, both Houses agree in making any modification in any such order or both Houses agree that the order should not be issued, the order shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that order.

CHAPTER XV.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

- Power to 160. (1) The Government may make rules for make rules, the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.
 - (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for—
 - (a) all matters expressly required or allowed by this Act to be prescribed;
 - (b) the accounts to be maintained by the Board;
 - (c) the allowances of non-official members of the Board or of any Committee;

- (d) the returns, statements, reports and accounts to be submitted to the Government by the Board;
- (e) the mutual relationship of the Board and other local authorities in any matter in which they are jointly interested;
- (f) the fees payable for copies of, or extracts from the assessment books of the local authorities concerned furnished to the Chairman;
- (g) the guidance of the Board and public officers in carrying out the purposes of this Act.
- (3) All rules made under this Act shall be published in the Fort St. George Gazette* and, unless they are expressed to come into force on a particular day, shall come into force on the day on which they are so published.
- (4) Every rule made under this Act shall, as soon as possible after it is made, be placed on table of both Houses of the Legislature, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, both Houses agree in making any modification in any such rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.
- 161. (1) The Board may, by notification, make Power to regulations [whether prespectively or retrespectively] make not inconsistent with this Act and the rules made regulations. thereunder, for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Act.

These words were inserted by section 2 of the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board (Amendment) Act, 1981 (Tamil Nadu Act 36 of 1981).

^{*} Now the Tamil Nadu Government Gazette.

- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for—
- (a) all matters expressly required or allowed by this Act to be prescribed by regulations;
- (b) the association of persons with the Board under section 24;
- (c) the appointment of persons to be members of committees under section 25;
- (d) the delegation of powers or duties of the Board to committees or to the Chairman;
- (e) the duties and conduct of officers and servants of the Board and of other persons employed by the Board under this Act for carrying out any of the purposes of this Act;
- (f) the welfare and recreation of the staff of the Board and the contributions to be made therefor;
- (g) the fees payable for the copies of documents, estimates and plans furnished by any of its officers and servants under this Act;
- (h) the mane gement, use and regulation of dwellings constructed under any housing or improvement scheme;
 - (i) the efficient conduct of the affairs of the Board.
- (3) No regulation or its cancellation or medification shall have effect until the same shall have been approved and confirmed by the Government.

CHAPTER XVI.

REPEAL AND SAVING.

Repeal and 162. (1) The Madras City Improvement Trust Act, 1950 saving. (Madras Act XXXVII of 1950) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), is hereby repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal—

- (a) anything done or any action taken including any appointment or delegation made, notification, order, instruction or direction issued, rule, regulation or scheme framed, certificate, permit or licence granted or registration effected, under the said Act, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provision of this Act and shall continue in force accordingly, unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under this Act; and
- (b) the betterment fee in respect of any land which the City Improvement Trust was, immediately before the commencement of this Act, entitled to levy, assess and recover under the said Act, may be levied, assessed and recovered by the Board under the said Act as if this Act had not been passed.

TAMIL NADU ACT NO. 3 OF 1974*.

THE TAMIL NADU STATE HOUSING BOARD (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1973.

[Received the assent of the Governor on the 31st December 1973, first published in the Tamil Nadu Government Gazette Extraordinary on the 4th January 1974 (Margazhi 21, Piramathisa (2004—Tiruvalluvar Andu)).]

An Act to amend the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board Act, 1961.

BE it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

- 1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu State Short title and Housing Board (Amendment) Act, 1973.
- (2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint.
- 2. [The amendment made by this section has already been incorporated in the principal Act, namely, the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board Act, 1961 (Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961).]
- 3. Notwithstanding anything contained in the principal Existing mem-Act, with effect on and from the date specified in sub-bers to cease to section (2) of section 1, the Chairman and the members hold office of the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board, holding office as such on the said date, shall cease to hold office and appointment of the Chairman and the members of the said Board on and after the said date shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the principal Act, as amended by this Act.

^{*} For Statement of Objects and Reasons, see Tamil Nadu Government Gazette Extraordinary, dated the 24th November 1973, Part IV—Section 3, Page 286.



TAMIL NADU GOVERNMENT GAZETT

EXTRAORDINARY PUBLISHED BY AUTH

o. 271

MADRAS, TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1988. THAI 5, PRABHAVA, THIRUVALLUVAR AANDU-2019

Part IV-Section 2

Tamil Nadu Acts and Ordinauce ;

The following Act of the Tunil Nadu Legislative Assembly received the assent of the President on the 13th January 1988 and is hereby published for general information:

ACT No. 2 OF 1988.

An Act further to amend the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board Act, 1961.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows ?

- 1. Short title and commencement.—(1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board (Amendment) Act, 1987.
- (2) It shall come into force on such date, as the State Government may, by notification, appoint.
- 2. Amendment of section 2, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board Act, 1961 (Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961) (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in section 2, -
- (i) after clause (10), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-
- "(10-A) "Managing Director" means the Managing Director appointed by the Government under section 4-A;";
- (ii) in clause (11), after the world "Board", the words "and includes the Chairman and the Managing Director" shall be added.
- 3. Amendment of section 4, Tamil Nadu Act 17, of 1961.-In section 4 of the principal Act,—
 - (i) after clause (a), the following clause shall be inserted, namely t-
 - "(aa) a Managing Director:

- (ii) in clause (b), for sub-clause (i), the following sub-clause shall be substituted, namely:—
- "(i) official members not exceeding six, other than the Managing Director; and ".
- 4. Insertion of new section 4-A in Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In the principal Act, after section 4, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—
- "4-A. Appointment, and terms and conditions of service, of Managing Director.—(1) The Government may appoint an officer of the Government not below the rank of,—
 - (i) Deputy Secretary to Government; or
 - (ii) Collector of a district,

as a Managing Director for the purposes of this Act.

- (2) The term of Office of, and the terms and conditions of service of, the Managing Director shall be such as may be prescribed.".
- 5. Amendment of section 7, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 7 of the principal Act, in the Explanation, after the word "Chairman", the words "or the Managing Director" shall be inserted.
- 6. Amendment of section 16, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 16 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2),—
- (i) in clause (iii), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted;
- (ii) in the proviso, for the word "Chairman" in two places where it occurs, the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 7. Amendment of section 18, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 18 of the principal Act,—
 - (1) in sub-section (1),—
- (i) in clause (a), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted;
- (ii) in the proviso, for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted;
- (2) in sub-section (2), in clause (a), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 8. Amendment of section 21, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 21 of the principal Act, in sub-section (3), for the word "Chairman" in two places where it occurs, the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 9. Amendment of section 22, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 22 of the principal Act,—
- (i) including the heading, for the word "Chairman", wherever it occurs, the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted;
 - (ii) in sut-section (2),—
 - (a) the figures "23" shall be omitted;
 - (b) in the proviso, in clause (c), for the word "Chairman's" the words "Managing Director's" shall be substituted;
 - (iii) in sub-section (4), for the word "Chairman's", the words "Managing Director's" shall be substituted.

- 10. Amendment of section 23, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 23 of the principal Act,—
- (i) for sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be substituted namely:—
- "(2) The Chairman or in his absence, the Managing Director shall preside at a meeting of the Board.";
- (ii) in sub-section (3), for the words "the person presiding" the words "the Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 11. Amendment of Chapter VI, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In the principal Act, in Chapter VI, in the heading, for the word "Chairman" the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 12. Amendment of section 28, Tamil, Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 28 of the principal Act (including the heading), for the word. "Chairman" wherever it occurs, the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 13. Amendment of section 29, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961—in section 29 of the principal Act (including the heading), for the word "Chairman" wherever it occurs, the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 14. Amendment of section 30, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—in section 30 of the principal Act,—
- (i) in the heading, for the word "Chairman", the ords "Managing Director" shall be substituted;
- (ii) in the opening portion, for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 15. Amendment of section 32, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 32 of the principal Act, for the word "Chairman" wherever it occurs the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 16. Amendment of section 34, Tamil Nedu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 34 of the principal Act, for the word "Chairman" wherever it, ownstathe words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 17. Amendment of section 49, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 49 of the principal Act, in sub-section (3), for the word "Chairman" the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 18. Amendment of section 51, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 51 of the principal Act, in sub-section (3), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 19. Amendment of section 52, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 52 of the principal Act, for the word "Chairmar", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 20. Amendment of section 58, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 58 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 21. Amendment of section 93, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 93 of the principal Act, in sub-sections (2) and (5), for the word 'Chairman', the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 22. Amendment of section 102, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 102 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), in the opening portion, for he word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 23. Amendment of section 104, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 104 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.

- 24. Amendment of section 108, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 108 of the principal Act, in sub-section (4), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 25. Amendment of section 109, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 109 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), in clause (a), after the words "the Chairman", the words "the Managing Director" shall be inserted.
- 26. Amendment of section 122, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 122 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), in clauses (c) and (d), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 27. Amendment of section 123, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 123 of the principal Act, for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 28. Amendment of section 129, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 129 of the principal Act, in clause (a), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 29. Amendment of section 134, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 134 of the principal Act,—
- (i) in clause (a), after the word "Chairman", the words "and the Managing Director" shall be inserted;
- (ii) in clause (c), after the word "Chairman", in two places where it occurs, the words "or the Managing Director" shall be inserted.
- 30. Amendment of section 136, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 136 of the principal Act,—
- (i) in the heading, for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be subst tuted;
- (ii) in the opening portion, for the word," Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 31. Amendment of section 138, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 138 of the principal Act, after the words "Chairman or", the words "of the Managing Director or "shall be inserted.
- 32. Amendment of section 139, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 139 of the principal Act,—
- (i) in the heading, after the word "Chairman", the words "or Managing Director" shall be inserted;
- (ii) for the expression "(a) the Board or the Chairman, or
 - (b) any officer or servant of the Board, a written document signed in case (a) by the Chairman, and in case (b) by the said officer or servant", the following expression shall be substituted, namely:—
 - " (a) the Board or the Managing Director, cr
 - (b) the Chairman, or
 - (c) any officer or servant of the Board,
 - a written document signed in case (a) by the Managing Director, in case (b) by the Chairman, and in case (c) by the said officer or servant."
 - 33. Amendment of section 140, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 140 of the principal Act,—
 - (i) in the moding, for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Direc" shall be substituted;
 - (ii) in sub-sections (1) and (2), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.

35. Amendment of section 142 Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961 —In section 142 of the principal Act, for the Word "Chairman" in two places where it occurs, the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted in

- 36. Amendment of section 144, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 144 of the principal Act, after the word "Chairman" in two places where it occurs, the words "or the Managing Director" shall be inserted.
- 37. Amendment of section 147. Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 147 of the principal Act,—
- (i) in sub-section (1), in the opening portion, for the word "Chairman" in two places where it occurs, the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted:
- (ii) in sub-section (2), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 38. Amendment of section 150, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 150 of the principal Act, after the words "Chairman or", the words "as Managing Director or "Shall be inserted.
- 39. Amendment of section 151, ramil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 151 of the principal Act,—
- (i) in the heading, for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted (1)
- tii) for the word." Chairman.", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted:
- 40. Amendment of section 152, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 152 of the principal Act,—
- (i) in the heading, for the words "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted:
- (ii) for the word "Cnairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 41. Amendment of section 153, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 153 of the principal Act, for the word "Chairman" in two places where it occurs, the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 42. Amendment of section 154, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961. —In section 154 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 43. Amendment of section 156, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 156 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2),—
- (i) in clause (a), for the expression "the Chairman and all the members of the Board", the expression "all the members of the Board including the Chairman and the Managing Director" shall be substituted;
- (ii) in clause (b), for the words "and the Chairman", the words the Chairman and the Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 44. Amendment of section 157, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 157 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2),—
- (i) in clause (a), for the expression "the Chairman and all the members of the Board", the expression "all the members of the Board including the Chairman and the Managing Director" shall be substituted;
- (ii) in clause (b), for the words "and the Chairman", the words "the Chairman and the Managing Director" shall be substituted.

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- 45. Amendment of section 160, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 160 of the principal Act,—
- (i) in sub-section (1), after the words "make rules", the words "whether prospectively or retrospectively" shall be inserted;
- (ii) in sub-section (2), in clause (f) for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted;
- (iii) for sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—
- "(4) Every rule made under this Act shall as soon as possible after it is made, be placed on the table of the Legislative Assembly and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, the Assembly makes any modification in any such rule or the Assembly decides that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.".
- 46 Amendment of section 161, Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1961.—In section 161 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), in clause (d), for the word "Chairman", the words "Managing Director" shall be substituted.
- 47. Power to remove difficulties.—(i) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of the principal Act, as amended by this Act, the Government may make such order not inconsistent with the provisions of the principal Act, as amended by this Act, as may appear to them to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulty:

Provided that no such order shall be made after the expiration of two years from the date of commencement of this Act.

(ii) Every order made under this section shall, as soon as after it is made, be placed on the table of the Legislative Assembly.

(By order of the Governor)

S. VADIVELU,

Commissioner and Secretary to Government,

Law Department.

The following Act of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly received the assent of the Governor on the 19th February 1992 and is hereby published for general information :-

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ACT No. 5 OF 1992.

An Act further to amend the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board Act, 1961.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Forty-third Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board (Amend- Short title ment and Validation) Act, 1992.

and commencement

(2) Sections 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 shall be deemed to have come into force on the 22nd day of April 1961.

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1 of 1992.

2. In section 39 of the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board Act, 1961 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), for clause (a), the following clause shall be substituted, namely :-

Amendment of section 39.

"(a) the area relating to the scheme;".

3. In section 49 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), in clause (b), the Amendment of expression "of the land which it is proposed to acquire and" shall be omitted. section 49.

4. In section 53 of the principal Act, in sub-section (3), in clause (a), the Amendment of words "or involves the acquisition of any land not previously proposed to be section 53. acquired " shall be omitted.

5. In section 56 of the principal Act, in the first proviso, clause (b) shall be Amendment of omitted.

section 56.

6. For section 70 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substitution of tuted, namely:-

section 70.

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"70. Power to acquire land under the Land Acquisition Act.—(1) Any land or any interest therein required by the Board for the purpose of framing or executing any housing or improvement scheme or for any other purposes of this Act, may be acquired under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894.

ral Act I 194.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, proceedings under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, may be taken for acquiring any land or any interest therein under sub-section (1), even before framing any housing or improvement

7. Notwithstanding anything contained in the principal Act or in any other Validation. law for the time being in force or in any judgment, decree or order of any court or tribunal or other authority, any proceeding which has been taken by the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board or by the State Government or by any other authority under the principal Act read with the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, before the 10th January 1992, for acquiring any land, before framing any housing or improvement scheme under the principal Act, including any such proceeding pending before any court or tribunal or other authority on the 10th January 1992, shall be deemed to be, and shall be deemed always to have been, validly taken in accordance with law, as if the principal Act, as amended by this Act, had been in force at all material times when such proceeding was taken and no suit or other legal proceeding shall be maintained or continued against the Tamil Nedu State Housing Board or the State Government or any other authority whatsoever on the ground that such proceeding was not taken in accordance with law.

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8. (1) The Tamil Madu State Housing Board (Amendment and Validation) Ordinance, 1992 is hereby repealed.

and saving.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the principal Act, as amended by the said Ordinance, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the principal Act, as amended by this Act.

(By order of the Governor)

MD. ISMAIL,

The following Act of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly received the assent of the Governor on the 4th November 2007 and is hereby published for general information.—

ACT No. 30 OF 2067.

An Act further to amend the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board Act, 1961.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Fifty-eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

Short title and commencement.

- 1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board (Amendment) Act, 2007.
- (2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint.

Insertion of new section 31-A 2. In the Tamil Nadu State Housing Board Act, 1961, after section 31, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"31-A. Power of Board to undertake housing or improvement Schemes through Joint Venture Project or Public Private Partnership Scheme.—The Board may execute any housing or improvement scheme through Joint Venture Project or Public Private Partnership, as the case may be, with the approval of the Government for each such scheme.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this section, "Joint Venture Project or Public Private Partnership Scheme" means participation of the Board with private person or company procured through a transparent and open procurement system for executing any housing or improvement scheme including commercial complexes, shopping malls etc."

(By Order of the Governor)

S. DHEENADHAYALAN, Secretary to Government-in-charge. Law Department.

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